

OFFERING CIRCULAR



STADSHYPOTEK AB (publ)

(incorporated with limited liability in The Kingdom of Sweden)

€20,000,000,000

Euro Medium Term Covered Note Programme for the issue of Notes with a minimum maturity of one year and one day

Under this €20,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Covered Note Programme (the **Programme**), Stadshypotek AB (publ) (the **Issuer** or **Stadshypotek**) may from time to time issue covered bonds in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act (as defined below) (the **Notes**) denominated in any currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer (as defined below). The Issuer may issue covered bonds in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act under other programmes than the Programme. Such covered bonds are in this Offering Circular, by themselves or together with the Notes, defined as **Covered Bonds**.

The maximum aggregate nominal amount of all Notes from time to time outstanding under the Programme will not exceed €20,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies calculated as described in the Programme Agreement described herein), subject to increase as described herein. As described herein, the Notes will have a minimum maturity of one year and one day.

The Notes may be issued on a continuing basis to one or more of the Dealers specified under “*Overview of the Programme*” and any additional Dealer appointed under the Programme from time to time by the Issuer (each a **Dealer** and together the **Dealers**), which appointment may be for a specific issue or on an ongoing basis. References in this Offering Circular to the **relevant Dealer** shall, in the case of an issue of Notes being (or intended to be) subscribed by more than one Dealer, be to all Dealers agreeing to subscribe for such Notes.

An investment in Notes issued under the Programme involves certain risks. For a discussion of these risks see “Risk Factors”.

This Offering Circular has been approved by the Central Bank of Ireland (the **Central Bank**), as competent authority under the Prospectus Directive (as defined below). The Central Bank only approves this Offering Circular as meeting the requirements imposed under Irish and European Union (EU) law pursuant to the Prospectus Directive. Such approval relates only to the Notes which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market for the purposes of Directive 2004/39/EC (the **Markets in Financial Instruments Directive** or **MiFID**) and/or which are to be offered to the public in any Member State of the European Economic Area. Application has been made to the Irish Stock Exchange Limited (the **Irish Stock Exchange**) for Notes issued under the Programme (other than Exempt Notes (as defined below)) within the period of 12 months from the date of this Offering Circular to be admitted to the official list of the Irish Stock Exchange (the **Official List**) and to trading on its regulated market (the **Main Securities Market**). References in this Offering Circular to Notes being **listed** (and all related references) on the Irish Stock Exchange shall mean that such Notes have been admitted to the Official List and to trading on its regulated market. The Main Securities Market is a regulated market for the purposes of MiFID.

Notice of the aggregate nominal amount of Notes, interest (if any) payable in respect of Notes, the issue price of Notes and certain other information which is applicable to each Tranche (as defined under “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*”) of Notes will (other than in the case of Exempt Notes (as defined below)) be set out in a final terms document (the **Final Terms**) which, with respect to Notes to be listed on the Irish Stock Exchange, will be delivered to the Central Bank and the Irish Stock Exchange. In the case of Exempt Notes, notice of the aggregate nominal amount of Notes, interest (if any) payable in respect of Notes, the issue price of Notes and certain other information which is applicable to each Tranche will be set out in a pricing supplement document (the **Pricing Supplement**).

The Programme provides that Notes may be listed or admitted to trading, as the case may be, on such other or further stock exchanges or markets as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer. The Issuer may also issue unlisted Notes and/or Notes not admitted to trading on any market.

The requirement to publish a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive only applies to Notes which are to be admitted to trading on a regulated market in the European Economic Area (EEA) and/or offered to the public in the EEA other than in circumstances where an exemption is available under Article 3.2 of the Prospectus Directive (as implemented in the relevant Member State(s)). References in this Offering Circular to **Exempt Notes** are to Notes for which no prospectus is required to be published under the Prospectus Directive. **The Central Bank has neither approved nor reviewed information contained in this Offering Circular in connection with Exempt Notes.** The relevant Final Terms in respect of the issue of any such Notes will specify whether or not such Notes will be admitted to listing on the Official List and to trading on the Irish Stock Exchange (or any other listing authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system, if applicable). The applicable Pricing Supplement in respect of the issue of any Exempt Notes will specify whether or not such Exempt Notes will be admitted to listing or trading on any non-EEA listing authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system, if applicable.

The Issuer has a senior long-term rating of AA- by Standard and Poor’s Credit Market Services Europe Limited (**S&P**) and AA- by Fitch Ratings Ltd. (**Fitch**). The Notes issued under the Programme are expected to be rated Aaa by Moody’s Investors Service Limited (**Moody’s**). Each of S&P, Fitch and Moody’s is established in the European Union and is registered under Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 (as amended) (the **CRA Regulation**). Notes issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated by Moody’s. Where a Tranche of Notes is rated, such rating will be disclosed in the applicable Final Terms (or Pricing Supplement, in the case of Exempt Notes) and will not necessarily be the same as the expected rating referred to above. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

Arranger

The Royal Bank of Scotland

Dealers

Barclays	BofA Merrill Lynch
BNP PARIBAS	Citigroup
Commerzbank	Crédit Agricole CIB
Credit Suisse	Danske Bank
Deutsche Bank	Goldman Sachs International
Handelsbanken Capital Markets	HSBC
J.P. Morgan	Morgan Stanley
Natixis	Nomura
RBC Capital Markets	Société Générale Corporate & Investment Banking
The Royal Bank of Scotland	UBS Investment Bank
UniCredit Bank	

The date of this Offering Circular is 6 December 2013.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION

This Offering Circular comprises a base prospectus in respect of all Notes other than Exempt Notes issued under the Programme for the purposes of Article 5.4 of Directive 2003/71/EC as amended (which includes the amendments made by Directive 2010/73/EU to the extent that such amendments have been implemented in a relevant Member State of the European Economic Area) (the *Prospectus Directive*).

The Issuer accepts responsibility for the information contained in this Offering Circular and the Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement for each Tranche of Notes issued under the Programme. To the best of the knowledge of the Issuer (having taken all reasonable care to ensure that such is the case) the information contained in this Offering Circular is in accordance with the facts and does not omit anything likely to affect the import of such information.

This Offering Circular is to be read in conjunction with all documents which are deemed to be incorporated herein by reference (see “*Documents Incorporated by Reference*”). This Offering Circular shall be read and construed on the basis that such documents are incorporated in and form part of this Offering Circular.

Neither the Dealers nor the Trustee have independently verified the information contained herein. Accordingly, no representation, warranty or undertaking, express or implied, is made and no responsibility or liability is accepted by the Dealers or the Trustee as to the accuracy or completeness of the information contained or incorporated in this Offering Circular or any other information provided by the Issuer in connection with the Programme. No Dealer or the Trustee accepts any liability in relation to the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Offering Circular or any other information provided by the Issuer in connection with the Programme.

No person is or has been authorised by the Issuer, any of the Dealers or the Trustee to give any information or to make any representation not contained in or not consistent with this Offering Circular or any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or the Notes and, if given or made, such information or representation must not be relied upon as having been authorised by the Issuer, any of the Dealers or the Trustee.

Neither this Offering Circular nor any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or any Notes (a) is intended to provide the basis of any credit or other evaluation or (b) should be considered as a recommendation by the Issuer, any of the Dealers or the Trustee that any recipient of this Offering Circular or any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or any Notes should purchase any Notes. Each investor contemplating purchasing any Notes should make its own independent investigation of the financial condition and affairs, and its own appraisal of the creditworthiness, of the Issuer. Neither this Offering Circular nor any other information supplied in connection with the Programme or the issue of any Notes constitutes an offer or invitation by or on behalf of the Issuer, any of the Dealers or the Trustee to any person to subscribe for or to purchase any Notes.

Neither the delivery of this Offering Circular nor the offering, sale or delivery of any Notes shall in any circumstances imply that the information contained herein concerning the Issuer is correct at any time subsequent to the date hereof or that any other information supplied in connection with the Programme is correct as of any time subsequent to the date indicated in the document containing the same. The Dealers and the Trustee expressly do not undertake to review the financial condition or affairs of the Issuer during the life of the Programme or to advise any investor in the Notes of any information coming to their attention.

IMPORTANT INFORMATION RELATING TO THE USE OF THIS OFFERING CIRCULAR AND OFFERS OF NOTES GENERALLY

This Offering Circular does not constitute an offer to sell or the solicitation of an offer to buy any Notes in any jurisdiction to any person to whom it is unlawful to make the offer or solicitation in such jurisdiction. The distribution of this Offering Circular and the offer or sale of Notes may be restricted by law in certain jurisdictions. The Issuer, the Dealers and the Trustee do not represent that this Offering Circular may be lawfully distributed, or that any Notes may be lawfully offered, in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any such jurisdiction, or pursuant to an exemption available thereunder, or assume any responsibility for facilitating any such distribution or offering. In particular, no action has been taken by the Issuer, the Dealers or the Trustee which is intended to permit a public offering of any Notes or distribution of this Offering Circular in any jurisdiction where action for that purpose is required. Accordingly, no Notes may be offered or sold, directly or indirectly, and neither this Offering Circular nor any advertisement or other offering material may be distributed or published in any jurisdiction, except under circumstances that will result in compliance with any applicable laws and regulations. Persons into whose possession this Offering Circular or any Notes may come must inform themselves about, and observe, any such restrictions on the distribution of this Offering Circular and the offering and sale of Notes. In particular, there are restrictions on the distribution of this Offering Circular and the offer or sale of Notes in the United States, the European Economic Area (including the United Kingdom, Sweden and France) and Japan, see “*Subscription and Sale*”.

This Offering Circular has been prepared on a basis that would permit an offer of Notes with a denomination of less than €100,000 (or its equivalent in any other currency) only in circumstances where there is an exemption from the obligation under the Prospectus Directive to publish a prospectus. As a result, any offer of Notes in any Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a *Relevant Member State*) must be made pursuant to an exemption under the Prospectus Directive, as implemented in that Relevant Member State, from the requirement to publish a prospectus for offers of Notes. Accordingly any person making or intending to make an offer of Notes in that Relevant Member State may only do so in circumstances in which no obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive, in each case, in relation to such offer. Neither the Issuer nor any Dealer have authorised, nor do they authorise, the making of any offer of Notes in circumstances in which an obligation arises for the Issuer or any Dealer to publish or supplement a prospectus for such offer.

The Notes may not be a suitable investment for all investors. Each potential investor in the Notes must determine the suitability of that investment in light of its own circumstances. In particular, each potential investor may wish to consider, either on its own or with the help of its financial and other professional advisers, whether it:

- (i) has sufficient knowledge and experience to make a meaningful evaluation of the Notes, the merits and risks of investing in the Notes and the information contained or incorporated by reference in this Offering Circular or any applicable supplement;
- (ii) has access to, and knowledge of, appropriate analytical tools to evaluate, in the context of its particular financial situation, an investment in the Notes and the impact the Notes will have on its overall investment portfolio;
- (iii) has sufficient financial resources and liquidity to bear all of the risks of an investment in the Notes, including Notes where the currency for principal or interest payments is different from the potential investor’s currency;
- (iv) understands thoroughly the terms of the Notes and is familiar with the behaviour of financial markets; and

- (v) is able to evaluate possible scenarios for economic, interest rate and other factors that may affect its investment and its ability to bear the applicable risks.

Legal investment considerations may restrict certain investments. The investment activities of certain investors are subject to legal investment laws and regulations, or review or regulation by certain authorities. Each potential investor should consult its legal advisers to determine whether and to what extent (i) Notes are legal investments for it, (ii) Notes can be used as collateral for various types of borrowing and (iii) other restrictions apply to its purchase or pledge of any Notes. Financial institutions should consult their legal advisers or the appropriate regulators to determine the appropriate treatment of Notes under any applicable risk-based capital or similar rules.

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the United States Securities Act of 1933, as amended (the *Securities Act*), and are subject to U.S. tax law requirements. Subject to certain exceptions, Notes may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons (see “*Subscription and Sale*”).

PRESENTATION OF INFORMATION

All references in this document to *U.S. dollars*, *U.S.\$* and *\$* refer to United States dollars, to *AUD* refer to Australian dollars and to *Swedish Krona* and to *SEK* refer to the currency of the Kingdom of Sweden. In addition, all references to *euro* and *€* refer to the currency introduced at the start of the third stage of European economic and monetary union pursuant to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, as amended.

STABILISATION

In connection with the issue of any Tranche of Notes, one or more relevant Dealers (the Stabilising Manager(s)) (or persons acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) may over-allot Notes or effect transactions with a view to supporting the market price of the Notes at a level higher than that which might otherwise prevail. However, there is no assurance that the Stabilising Manager(s) (or persons acting on behalf of a Stabilising Manager) will undertake stabilisation action. Any stabilisation action may begin on or after the date on which adequate public disclosure of the terms of the offer of the relevant Tranche of Notes is made and, if begun, may be ended at any time, but it must end no later than the earlier of 30 days after the issue date of the relevant Tranche of Notes and 60 days after the date of the allotment of the relevant Tranche of Notes. Any stabilisation action or over-allotment must be conducted by the relevant Stabilising Manager(s) (or persons acting on behalf of any Stabilising Manager(s)) in accordance with all applicable laws and rules.

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OVERVIEW OF THE PROGRAMME

The following overview does not purport to be complete and is taken from, and is qualified in its entirety by, the remainder of this Offering Circular and, in relation to the terms and conditions of any particular Tranche of Notes, the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement.

This Overview constitutes a general description of the Programme for the purposes of Article 22.5(3) of Commission Regulation (EC) No 809/2004 implementing the Prospectus Directive.

Words and expressions defined in “*Form of the Notes*” and “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*” shall have the same meanings in this overview.

Issuer:	Stadshypotek AB (publ)
Description:	Euro Medium Term Covered Note Programme
Risk Factors:	<p>There are certain factors that may affect the Issuer’s ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme. These are set out under “<i>Risk Factors</i>” below and include credit risk (the potential risk of a loss arising from the failure of a customer or counterparty of the Issuer to fulfil obligations as they fall due), market risk (which includes interest rate risk and exchange rate risk), liquidity risk (the risk that the Issuer cannot meet its payment obligations when they fall due, without being affected by unacceptable costs or losses), operational risk (the risk of loss as a result of the Issuer’s operational systems, error on the part of the employees of the Issuer or external events) and regulatory risk.</p> <p>In addition, there are certain factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme. These are set out under “<i>Risk Factors</i>” and include certain risks relating to the structure of particular Series of Notes and certain market risks.</p>
Arranger:	The Royal Bank of Scotland plc
Dealers:	Barclays Bank PLC BNP Paribas Citigroup Global Markets Limited Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft Crédit Agricole Corporate and Investment Bank Credit Suisse Securities (Europe) Limited Danske Bank A/S Deutsche Bank Aktiengesellschaft Goldman Sachs International HSBC Bank plc J.P. Morgan Securities plc Merrill Lynch International Morgan Stanley & Co. International plc Natixis Nomura International plc RBC Europe Limited Société Générale Svenska Handelsbanken AB (publ)

The Royal Bank of Scotland plc
UBS Limited
UniCredit Bank AG

and any other Dealers appointed in accordance with the Programme Agreement.

Certain Restrictions:

Each issue of Notes denominated in a currency in respect of which particular laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements apply will only be issued in circumstances which comply with such laws, guidelines, regulations, restrictions or reporting requirements from time to time (see “*Subscription and Sale*”).

Issuing and Principal Paying Agent:

Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch

Trustee:

Deutsche Trustee Company Limited

Programme Size:

Up to €20,000,000,000 (or its equivalent in other currencies calculated as described in the Programme Agreement) outstanding at any time. The Issuer may increase the amount of the Programme in accordance with the terms of the Programme Agreement.

Swedish Notes/Norwegian Notes:

The Issuer has established an asset pool consisting of mainly mortgage loans over real estate located in the Kingdom of Sweden, public assets and certain qualified supplementary security (the **Swedish Cover Pool**) in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and an asset pool consisting of mainly mortgage loans over real estate located in the Kingdom of Norway, public assets and certain qualified supplementary security (the **Norwegian Cover Pool**) in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act. The Swedish Cover Pool and the Norwegian Cover Pool are together referred to as the **Cover Pools**. Notes which have a statutory preferential right over the Swedish Cover Pool shall be designated **Swedish Notes** and Notes which have a statutory preferential right over the Norwegian Cover Pool shall be designated **Norwegian Notes**. The applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement specifies whether the Notes have a statutory preferential right over the Swedish Cover Pool or the Norwegian Cover Pool (being the **relevant Cover Pool** and each a **Cover Pool**). The Issuer will keep a separate Register (as defined in “*Overview of the Swedish legislation regarding Covered Bonds*”) for each Cover Pool, its assets and relevant derivative contracts.

Distribution:

Notes may be distributed by way of private or public placement and in each case on a syndicated or non-syndicated basis.

Currencies:

Notes may, subject to any applicable legal or regulatory restrictions, be denominated in any currency agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer.

Maturities:	The Notes will have such maturities as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer, subject to a minimum maturity of one year and one day, and such other minimum or maximum maturities as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the Issuer or the relevant Specified Currency.
Issue Price:	Notes will be issued on a fully-paid basis and at an issue price which is at par or at a discount to, or premium over, par.
Form of Notes:	The Notes will be issued in bearer form as described in “ <i>Form of the Notes</i> ”.
Fixed Rate Notes:	Fixed interest will be payable on such date or dates as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer and on redemption and will be calculated on the basis of such Day Count Fraction as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer.
Floating Rate Notes:	<p>Floating Rate Notes will bear interest at a rate determined:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (a) on the same basis as the floating rate under a notional interest rate swap transaction in the relevant Specified Currency governed by an agreement incorporating the 2006 ISDA Definitions (as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc., and as amended and updated as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes of the relevant Series); or (b) on the basis of a reference rate appearing on the agreed screen page of a commercial quotation service; or (c) in the case of Exempt Notes, on such other basis as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer (as indicated in the applicable Pricing Supplement). <p>The margin (if any) relating to such floating rate will be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer for each Series of Floating Rate Notes.</p> <p>Floating Rate Notes may also have a maximum interest rate, a minimum interest rate or both.</p> <p>Interest on Floating Rate Notes in respect of each Interest Period, as agreed prior to issue by the Issuer and the relevant Dealer, will be payable on such Interest Payment Dates, and will be calculated on the basis of such Day Count Fraction, as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer.</p>
Zero Coupon Notes:	Zero Coupon Notes will be offered and sold at a discount to their nominal amount and will not bear interest.
Exempt Notes:	The Issuer may agree with any Dealer that Exempt Notes may be issued in a form not contemplated by the Terms and

Conditions of the Notes and this general description of the Programme, in which event the relevant provisions will be included in the applicable Pricing Supplement.

Redemption:

The applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement will indicate either that the relevant Notes cannot be redeemed prior to their stated maturity or that such Notes will be redeemable at the option of the Issuer upon giving notice to the Noteholders on a date or dates specified prior to such stated maturity and at a price or prices and on such other terms as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer.

Denomination of Notes:

The Notes will be issued in such denominations as may be agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer save that the minimum denomination of each Note will be such amount as may be allowed or required from time to time by the relevant central bank (or equivalent body) or any laws or regulations applicable to the relevant Specified Currency, and save that the minimum denomination of each Note admitted to trading on a regulated market within the European Economic Area or offered to the public in a Member State of the European Economic Area in circumstances which would otherwise require the publication of a prospectus under the Prospectus Directive will be €100,000 (or, if the Notes are denominated in a currency other than euro, the equivalent amount in such currency at the time of issue of such Notes).

Taxation:

All payments in respect of the Notes will be made without deduction for or on account of withholding taxes imposed by any Tax Jurisdiction unless the withholding or deduction of such taxes is required by law, in which case such deduction will be made by or on behalf of the Issuer. In the event that any such withholding or deduction is required by law, the terms and conditions of the Notes do not require the Issuer to pay any additional amounts in respect of such withholding or deduction.

Negative Pledge:

The terms of the Notes will not contain a negative pledge provision.

Cross Default:

The terms of the Notes will not contain a cross default provision or any other events of default.

Status of the Notes:

The Notes will be issued on an unsubordinated basis and in accordance with the Swedish Covered Bonds Issuance Act (*Sw. lag (2003:1223) om utgivning av säkerställda obligationer*) (the **Covered Bonds Issuance Act**). As such, the Notes will have the benefit of a priority right over the relevant Cover Pool upon bankruptcy of the Issuer.

The Swedish Notes constitute unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer and rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves. The Swedish Notes are obligations issued in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and rank *pari passu* in the Swedish Cover Pool with all other obligations of the Issuer that have been provided the same

priority as debt instruments issued in accordance with the terms of the Covered Bonds Issuance Act in respect of the Swedish Cover Pool.

The Norwegian Notes constitute unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer and rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves. The Norwegian Notes are obligations issued in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and rank *pari passu* in the Norwegian Cover Pool with all other obligations of the Issuer that have been provided the same priority as debt instruments issued in accordance with the terms of the Covered Bonds Issuance Act in respect of the Norwegian Cover Pool.

The applicable Final Terms will state whether the Notes will have a statutory preferential right over the Swedish Cover Pool or the Norwegian Cover Pool; see also “*Overview of the Swedish legislation regarding Covered Bonds*” on pages 58 to 62.

Rating: Series of Notes issued under the Programme may be rated or unrated. Where a Series of Notes is rated, such rating will be disclosed in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement and will not necessarily be the same as the rating assigned to the Programme. A security rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be subject to suspension, reduction or withdrawal at any time by the assigning rating agency.

Listing: Application has been made for Notes (other than Exempt Notes) issued under the Programme to be listed on the Irish Stock Exchange.

Notes may be listed or admitted to trading, as the case may be, on other or further stock exchanges or markets agreed between the Issuer and the relevant Dealer in relation to the Series. Notes which are neither listed nor admitted to trading on any market may also be issued.

The applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement will state whether or not the relevant Notes are to be listed and/or admitted to trading and, if so, on which stock exchanges and/or markets.

Governing Law: The Notes and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with the Notes will be governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, English law, except for Condition 2, which will be governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, Swedish law.

Selling Restrictions: There are restrictions on the offer, sale and transfer of the Notes in the United States, the European Economic Area (including the United Kingdom, Sweden and France), Japan and such other restrictions as may be required in connection with the offering and sale of a particular Tranche of Notes; see “*Subscription and Sale*”.

RISK FACTORS

The Issuer believes that the following factors may affect its ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme. Most of these factors are contingencies which may or may not occur and the Issuer is not in a position to express a view on the likelihood of any such contingency occurring.

In addition, factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme are also described below.

The Issuer believes that the factors described below represent the principal risks inherent in investing in Notes issued under the Programme, but the inability of the Issuer to pay interest, principal or other amounts on or in connection with any Notes may occur for other reasons which may not be considered significant risks by the Issuer based on information currently available to it or which it may not currently be able to anticipate. Prospective investors should also read the detailed information set out elsewhere in this Offering Circular and reach their own views prior to making any investment decision.

Factors that may affect the Issuer's ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme

Credit risks

Credit risk is the potential risk of financial loss arising from the failure of a customer or counterparty to fulfil its financial and contractual obligations as they fall due. The Issuer's credit risk primarily arises from its lending activities but also includes risks relating to counterparties to derivative agreements. Stadshypotek's lending is conducted via the branch network of its parent company Svenska Handelsbanken AB (publ) (**Handelsbanken**) and in accordance with the same fundamental principles which are applied by Handelsbanken. In Handelsbanken's decentralised organisation, the branches are responsible for credit decisions, but credit limits are reviewed at different decision-making levels depending on the size of the credit.

The use of derivative agreements in connection with the Issuer's funding leads to credit exposure to the banks that are counterparties to these agreements. This type of risk is usually referred to collectively as value change risk. Such a risk arises when the Issuer has entered into derivative agreements, such as forward rate contracts or swaps with a counterparty and there is a risk that this counterparty will not be able to meet its commitments. If such a situation arises, a new equivalent contract must be acquired in the market to replace the old one. This may entail a cost, depending on price developments in the market in question. Most of the Issuer's derivative agreements are entered into with Handelsbanken as the counterparty, which means that it is Handelsbanken that bears this type of risk. In the few cases where Stadshypotek enters into derivative agreements with an external counterparty, such agreements are restricted by credit limits established in the standard credit process at Handelsbanken.

Adverse changes in the credit quality of the Issuer's borrowers or counterparties or a general deterioration in economic conditions or arising from systemic risks in financial systems could affect the recoverability and value of its assets and require an increase in its provisions for bad and doubtful loans or exposures.

Market risks

Market risks originate from price changes in the financial markets and are comprised of interest rate risk, equity price risk, exchange rate risk and commodity price risk. The market risks affecting Stadshypotek are interest rate risk and exchange rate risk. Stadshypotek's Board decides on limits for interest rate risk and exchange rate risk.

Interest rate risk arises when the rate adjustment periods for financial assets and liabilities or derivatives do not coincide.

Within Stadshypotek, interest rate risk is defined as the difference that arises in the present value of future cash flows if the yield curve experiences an upward shift of one percentage point. Due to the concentration of the benchmark loans to a small number of final maturity dates, it is not possible to match maturities in a

traditional manner. Instead, a general method for achieving risk-neutral matching is based on the use of two different bond loans to finance one lending transaction. Since one of the bond loans has a somewhat shorter maturity than the lending and the other a somewhat longer maturity, interest rate risks which can balance each other are achieved so that the borrowing is risk-neutral with respect to the lending. Due to this matching of financial assets and liabilities and off-balance-sheet items, changes in interest rates should have only a marginal effect on the Issuer's net income. Interest rate risks are measured and checked against the interest rate limits set by the Board of Directors, on a daily basis.

Stadshypotek uses interest rate swaps mainly to hedge against risks on its balance sheet. Long-term funding may be shortened using interest rate swaps, so that the interest rate adjustment period matches the short-term lending at fixed and variable rates.

Although derivative agreements entered into constitute a hedge against unfavourable changes in value in the mortgage group's lending and borrowing portfolios, there can be no assurance that they will remain available or remain available at appropriate prices.

Exchange rate risk arises through funding being obtained in currencies other than Swedish Krona, while lending mainly is in Swedish Krona. Stadshypotek has a commercial paper programme in the eurozone. The exchange rate risk in connection with such funding in foreign currencies is hedged by matching currency swaps. Stadshypotek has also issued bonds in various currencies under its Euro Medium Term Covered Note Programme, in U.S.\$ under its U.S. Medium Term Covered Bond Program and in AUD under its Australian Medium Term Covered Note Programme, which were converted into SEK through cross currency interest rate swaps. While the Issuer endeavours to reduce exchange rate risk in connection with funding in foreign currencies by matching currency swaps and cross currency interest rate swaps, there can be no assurance that it will always be able to do so.

Liquidity risks

Liquidity risk is the risk that Stadshypotek will not be able to meet its payment obligations when they fall due, without being affected by unacceptable costs or losses. Stadshypotek's Board establishes limits for liquidity risk. Liquidity risk is measured and limited by carrying out a gap analysis of cash flows for various maturities and all currencies, and also a gap analysis of groups of currencies. The liquidity deficit consists of the amount by which estimated out-payments exceed estimated in-payments, and is restricted by limits. To an increasing extent, loans with a short interest fixing period and variable rate loans are funded by long-term funding in order to minimise the liquidity risk. However, some of this lending is still funded through the issuance of short-term instruments. The maturity structure of this funding is well-diversified and adapted so that Handelsbanken's liquidity at group level is in balance. The coordination with Handelsbanken's treasury has also given Stadshypotek access to Handelsbanken's liquidity.

Operational risks

Operational risk is the risk of loss due to deficient or inadequate operational systems, error on the part of the employees or external events. Stadshypotek manages operational risks in accordance with the same policies and guidelines as the Handelsbanken group.

Responsibility for the identification, management and control of operational risk in the Handelsbanken group is an integrated part of managerial responsibility. It is the duty of managers responsible for specific functions to ensure that appropriate instructions and procedures are drawn up for their business area. An annual evaluation of operational risk is carried out for purposes of identifying operational risks and quantifying the losses that may arise. In addition, the chief executive of Stadshypotek carries out an overall review of the company's operational risks once a year.

Although such risks are reduced through active efforts relating to risk culture, compliance with regulations and corporate governance, it cannot be guaranteed that such procedures will be effective in controlling each of the operational risks.

Notwithstanding anything in this risk factor, this risk factor should not be taken as implying that either the Issuer or the Issuer's group (being the Issuer and its consolidated subsidiaries) will be unable to comply with its obligations as a company with securities admitted to the Official List.

Regulatory risks

The Issuer is a public credit market limited liability company regulated by the Banking and Financing Activities Act and other laws and regulations applicable to banking businesses. Stadshypotek is subject to supervision by the Swedish Financial Supervisory Authority (the **SFSA**) and rules and regulations regarding, among other things, requirements with regard to the granting and negotiating of credit and capital adequacy requirements, including solvency ratios and management of liquidity. If the Issuer fails to comply with any relevant rules and regulations, there is a risk of sanctions, fines and other actions imposed by relevant authorities and courts which may negatively affect its business.

Revisions to the capital adequacy standards could limit the use and amount of capital available for the Stadshypotek Group's business

As a result of the recent global financial and economic crisis, the regulatory prudential standards applied to banks have come under scrutiny by legislators, regulators and global standard setters. Changes promoted by the Basel Committee on Banking Supervision (the **Committee**) and EU will generally require banks to maintain significantly higher capital ratios. For more details, see "*Capital Adequacy*" on page 69.

In addition to the enhanced capital adequacy rules, on 6 June 2012 the European Commission proposed a new directive establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (COM (2012) 280/3) (the **RRD**). The proposed directive includes provisions to give regulators resolution powers to write down debt of a failing bank (or to convert such debt into equity) to strengthen its financial position and allow it to continue as a going concern subject to appropriate restructuring. According to the proposal the new framework shall be implemented by 2015 and the rules governing write down shall be applicable from 2018. It is currently unclear whether measures ultimately adopted in this area will apply to any debt currently in issue, or whether certain grandfathering rules will apply.

The enhanced capital adequacy rules, the RRD and other legal or regulatory developments will impose additional costs on Stadshypotek and its wholly owned subsidiary (the **Stadshypotek Group**). As a consequence of such legal or regulatory developments, it is possible that the Stadshypotek Group's deployment and use of capital may have to be altered or additional capital may be needed to ensure that the revised capital adequacy requirements are met. Such actions could have a material adverse effect on the business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects of the Stadshypotek Group and the Issuer's ability to fulfil its obligations under the Covered Bonds.

The Issuer may be adversely affected as a result of global market conditions

The Swedish economy is tied to and is affected by developments in the global economy and the performance of the Issuer has been and will continue to be influenced by the economic conditions of the countries in which it operates, particularly Sweden. The outlook for the global economy over the near to medium term remains challenging, particularly in the European economies, but also in the United States. Volatility and disruption of the capital and credit markets resulted in only modest levels of GDP growth globally in 2012. Many forecasts continue to predict only modest levels of GDP growth over the course of 2013.

The global financial system has yet to fully overcome the difficulties which first manifested themselves in August 2007 and financial market conditions have not yet fully normalised. These conditions led to severe dislocation of financial markets around the world and unprecedented levels of illiquidity in 2008 and 2009, resulting in the development of significant problems at a number of the world's largest corporate institutions operating across a wide range of industry sectors. These developments have resulted in greater volatility, a widening of credit spreads and a lack of price transparency in the United States, Europe and the global credit and financial markets. There was some positive economic momentum in 2010 and most of 2011 and the

world economy has shown signs of recovery. However, despite optimism for the beginning of a sustainable turnaround in the economy, market conditions remain difficult and volatile.

A lingering recessionary environment or a “double dip” economic downturn may have a material adverse effect on the Issuer’s results of operations, financial condition, business and prospects. The performance of the Issuer may also be affected by economic conditions impacting European Union Member States. The financial problems experienced by the governments of Greece, Ireland, Italy, Portugal and Spain, for example, may require each of the affected countries to issue significant amounts of indebtedness or refinance some or all of their respective outstanding debt, which may reduce demand for debt issued by financial institutions and corporate borrowers. This could adversely affect the Issuer’s access to the debt capital markets and may increase the Issuer’s funding costs.

The precise nature of all the risks and uncertainties the Issuer faces as a result of current economic conditions cannot be predicted and many of these risks are outside the control of the Issuer and if the current levels of market disruption and volatility continue, worsen or abate and then recur, the Issuer’s business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects may be materially adversely affected and this may also have a material adverse effect on the Issuer’s ability to fulfil its obligations under the Notes.

Factors which are material for the purpose of assessing the market risks associated with Notes issued under the Programme

Risks related to the structure of a particular issue of Notes

A range of Notes may be issued under the Programme. A number of these Notes may have features which contain particular risks for potential investors. Set out below is a description of the most common such features:

Notes subject to optional redemption by the Issuer

An optional redemption feature of Notes is likely to limit their market value. During any period when the Issuer may elect to redeem Notes, the market value of those Notes generally will not rise substantially above the price at which they can be redeemed. This also may be true prior to any redemption period.

The Issuer may be expected to redeem Notes when its cost of borrowing is lower than the interest rate on the Notes. At those times, an investor generally would not be able to reinvest the redemption proceeds at an effective interest rate as high as the interest rate on the Notes being redeemed and may only be able to do so at a significantly lower rate. Potential investors should consider reinvestment risk in light of other investments available at that time.

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes

Fixed/Floating Rate Notes are Notes which may bear interest at a rate that converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate, or from a floating rate to a fixed rate. Where the Issuer has the right to effect such a conversion, this will affect the secondary market and the market value of the Notes since the Issuer may be expected to convert the rate when it is likely to produce a lower overall cost of borrowing. If the Issuer converts from a fixed rate to a floating rate in such circumstances, the spread on the Fixed/Floating Rate Notes may be less favourable than then prevailing spreads on comparable Floating Rate Notes tied to the same reference rate. In addition, the new floating rate at any time may be lower than the rates on other Notes. If the Issuer converts from a floating rate to a fixed rate in such circumstances, the fixed rate may be lower than then prevailing market rates.

Notes issued at a substantial discount or premium

The market values of securities issued at a substantial discount (such as Zero Coupon Notes) or premium to their principal amount tend to fluctuate more in relation to general changes in interest rates than do prices for more conventional interest-bearing securities. Generally, the longer the remaining term of such securities,

the greater the price volatility as compared to more conventional interest-bearing securities with comparable maturities.

Risks related to Notes generally

Set out below is a description of material risks relating to the Notes generally:

No Due Diligence

Neither the Arranger nor the Dealers have undertaken, nor will they undertake, any investigations, searches or other actions in respect of the loans and other assets contained or to be contained in the relevant Cover Pool, but will instead rely on the obligations of the Issuer under the Covered Bonds Issuance Act.

Limited Description of the Portfolio

Noteholders will not receive detailed statistics or information in relation to the loans and other assets contained or to be contained in the relevant Cover Pool, as it is expected that the constitution of such Cover Pool may change from time to time due to, for example, the purchase of further loans by the Issuer from time to time.

Legal risks

The Issuer's business operations are governed by laws and regulations and are subject to supervision by regulatory authorities. Any changes to the current legislation, regulations or regulatory supervision might affect the Issuer's business operations and its operating results.

No gross-up

Under the terms and conditions of the Notes, all payments in respect of the Notes will be made without deduction for or on account of withholding taxes imposed by any Tax Jurisdiction unless the withholding or deduction of such taxes is required by law, in which case such deduction will be made by or on behalf of the Issuer.

In the event that any such withholding or deduction is required by law, the terms and conditions of the Notes do not require the Issuer to pay any additional amounts in respect of such withholding or deduction.

No events of default

The terms and conditions of the Notes do not include any events of default relating to the Issuer, the occurrence of which would entitle Noteholders or the Trustee to accelerate the Notes, and it is envisaged that Noteholders will only be paid the scheduled interest payments under the Notes as and when they fall due under the terms and conditions of the Notes.

Non-compliance with matching rules

The Covered Bonds Issuance Act contains matching rules which, *inter alia*, prescribe that the nominal value of the relevant Cover Pool must at all times exceed the total nominal value of the claims that may be brought against the Issuer under Covered Bonds issued by it in respect of the relevant Cover Pool.

Should the market value of the property (for example real property) forming the security for the loans in a Cover Pool decline substantially, such loan shall be ascribed a new, lower value in such Cover Pool. Should the Issuer at such time be unable to add new assets to such Cover Pool, this may result in the matching rules not being fulfilled.

In the event that the Issuer is declared bankrupt and there is non-compliance with the matching rules that is not merely temporary, upon the bankruptcy of the Issuer this should lead to the receiver of the Issuer ceasing to maintain the relevant Cover Pool intact and separated from the insolvency estate. This may, in turn, result in the holders of Notes ceasing to obtain payment from such Cover Pool in accordance with the terms of the

Notes. As regards the assets comprising the relevant Cover Pool, the holders of Notes would, instead, be treated as creditors of the Issuer with rights of priority in respect of the assets comprising the relevant Cover Pool and would be entitled to receive payment in the form of dividends in the bankruptcy. This may result in holders of Notes not receiving payment when due and/or not receiving payment in full in respect of outstanding Notes from the proceeds from liquidation of the assets comprising the relevant Cover Pool.

To the extent that holders of Covered Bonds are not fully paid from the proceeds from the liquidation of the assets comprising a Cover Pool to which their Covered Bonds related, holders of Covered Bonds will be entitled to prove their claims as unsecured creditors of the Issuer. They are thereby entitled to receive payment from the proceeds from the liquidation of the Issuer's assets, beyond those which comprised such Cover Pool. In such case, holders of Covered Bonds shall rank, from a rights of priority perspective, *pari passu* with the Issuer's other unsecured creditors.

Conflicting interests of other creditors

In the event of the Issuer's bankruptcy, the Covered Bonds Issuance Act does not give clear guidance on certain issues. This may lead to a conflict between the Noteholders, holders of any other Covered Bonds and counterparties to derivative agreements, on the one hand, and other creditors of the Issuer on the other hand. Examples of such issues include (a) how proceeds from a loan partly registered to a Cover Pool should be distributed between the portion of such loan registered to a Cover Pool and the portion of such loan not registered to such Cover Pool, and (b) how the proceeds of enforcement of a mortgage certificate should be distributed if this serves as collateral for two different loans ranking *pari passu* in the mortgage certificate where one such loan is not wholly or partly registered to a Cover Pool. The lack of clear guidance on these and similar issues may lead to unsecured creditors arguing that part of the proceeds from a loan and/or mortgage certificate should not be included in such Cover Pool or to any creditors with loans that rank *pari passu* in a mortgage certificate which also serves as collateral for a loan registered to a Cover Pool arguing that part of the proceeds from such mortgage certificate should not be included in a Cover Pool.

The assets that are not included in a Cover Pool will be available to meet the claims of holders of Covered Bonds through dividends in the bankruptcy (advance and/or final) if the assets in a Cover Pool are insufficient to pay the claims of the holders of Covered Bonds in respect of such Cover Pool in full.

Levy of execution on the assets in the Cover Pools

Although the Swedish Rights of Priority Act (*Sw. Förmånsrättslagen (1970:979)*) (the **Rights of Priority Act**) prescribes that a special right of priority applies upon both bankruptcy and levy of execution, it has been argued with considerable authority that, as the Swedish Enforcement Code (*Sw. Utsökningsbalken (1981:774)*) does not protect the special right of priority of a holder of Covered Bonds in competition with another creditor seeking execution, such a creditor may, through levy of execution, obtain a right which is superior to the right of priority accorded to holders of Covered Bonds under the Rights of Priority Act. Such preference right may be challenged by a bankruptcy administrator and be voidable if the preference was obtained within three months prior to the commencement of the Issuer's bankruptcy proceedings on the basis that such creditor has been preferred over the covered bondholders and the Issuer's ordinary creditors. If such challenge is not made this could ultimately result in a reduction in the return to the holders of Notes.

Payment of advance dividends post bankruptcy of the Issuer

In the event of the bankruptcy of the Issuer, a receiver of the Issuer could, under certain circumstances, make payment of advance dividends to creditors other than holders of Covered Bonds and counterparties to derivatives agreements, using funds derived from a Cover Pool. Such a payment of advance dividends could result in Noteholders not being paid in accordance with the Conditions. It is however likely that a receiver, or ultimately a court, would only authorise such advance payments using funds derived from a Cover Pool if satisfied that a Cover Pool contained significantly more assets than necessary to fulfil the Issuer's contractual obligations to make payment and/or dividends to Noteholders, holders of any other Covered Bonds and counterparties to derivatives agreements.

Additionally, the Issuer's estate would be entitled to have any advance dividends repaid should a Cover Pool subsequently prove to contain insufficient funds to make payments to Noteholders, holders of any other Covered Bonds and counterparties to derivatives agreements as a result of the payment of advance dividends. The right to recover advance dividends may also be secured through the issuance of a bank guarantee or equivalent security pursuant to the Swedish Insolvency Act (*Sw. Konkurslagen (1987:672)*).

Applicable law

Generally, the law applicable to the assets in the relevant Cover Pool is the law of the jurisdiction where the relevant asset is located. Although the Notes are subject to the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and the majority of the assets included in the Swedish Cover Pool are governed by Swedish law, other assets included in the Swedish Cover Pool as well as the assets included in the Norwegian Cover Pool used to collateralise the Notes, as applicable, may be governed by the laws and regulations of a number of different jurisdictions. To the extent that such laws may restrict, limit, hinder or even prohibit certain actions in respect of the enforcement of the eligible assets in the relevant Cover Pool, there is a risk that the ability of a bankruptcy administrator to realise the assets in the relevant Cover Pool may be delayed or may result in an increase in the costs of enforcement. This may, ultimately, result in a delay in the liquidation of the bankruptcy estate and a reduced return to the Noteholders.

Modification and waivers

The conditions of the Notes contain provisions for calling meetings of Noteholders to consider matters affecting their interests generally. These provisions permit defined majorities to bind all Noteholders including Noteholders who did not attend and vote at the relevant meeting and Noteholders who voted in a manner contrary to the majority.

The conditions of the Notes also provide that the Trustee may, without the consent of Noteholders and without regard to the interests of particular Noteholders, agree to any modification of, or to the waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of, any of the provisions of the Notes, in the circumstances described in Condition 13 of the Notes.

Withholding under the EU Savings Directive

Under EC Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income, Member States are required to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest (or similar income) paid by a person within its jurisdiction to an individual resident in that other Member State or to certain limited types of entities established in that other Member State. However, for a transitional period, Luxembourg and Austria are instead required (unless during that period they elect otherwise) to operate a withholding system in relation to such payments (the ending of such transitional period being dependent upon the conclusion of certain other agreements relating to information exchange with certain other countries). A number of non-EU countries and territories (including Switzerland) have agreed to adopt similar measures (a withholding system in the case of Switzerland). In April 2013, the Luxembourg government announced its intention to abolish the withholding system with effect from 1 January 2015, in favour of automatic information exchange under Directive 2003/48/EC.

The European Commission has proposed certain amendments to the Directive which may, if implemented, amend or broaden the scope of the requirements described above.

If a payment were to be made or collected through a Member State which has opted for a withholding system and an amount of, or in respect of, tax were to be withheld from that payment, neither the Issuer nor any Paying Agent (as defined in the Conditions of the Notes) nor any other person would be obliged to pay additional amounts with respect to any Note as a result of the imposition of such withholding tax. The Issuer is required to maintain a Paying Agent in a Member State that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to the Directive.

U.S. Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act Withholding

The U.S. “Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act” (or **FATCA**) imposes a new reporting regime and, potentially, a 30 per cent. withholding tax with respect to (i) certain payments from sources within the United States, (ii) “foreign passthru payments” made to certain non-U.S. financial institutions that do not comply with this new reporting regime, and (iii) payments to certain investors that do not provide identification information with respect to interests issued by a participating non-U.S. financial institution. The Issuer is classified as a financial institution for these purposes. If an amount in respect of such withholding tax were to be deducted or withheld from interest, principal or other payments made in respect of the Notes, neither the Issuer nor any paying agent nor any other person would, pursuant to the conditions of the Notes, be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the deduction or withholding. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected. Prospective investors should refer to the section “Taxation – Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act”.

Change of law and establishment of case law

The conditions of the Notes are based on English law or, as provided in Condition 2, Swedish law, in each case in effect as at the date of issue of the relevant Notes. No assurance can be given as to the impact of any possible judicial decision or change to English and/or Swedish law or administrative practice after the date of issue of the relevant Notes and any such change could materially adversely impact the value of any Notes affected by it.

In particular, the Covered Bonds Issuance Act is relatively new legislation in Sweden and for this reason there is no available case law on it. It is uncertain how the Covered Bonds Issuance Act will be interpreted or whether changes or amendments will be made to it which will affect Notes issued under the Programme.

Notes where denominations involve integral multiples: definitive Notes

In relation to any issue of Notes which have denominations consisting of a minimum Specified Denomination plus one or more integral higher multiples of another smaller amount, it is possible that such Notes may be traded in amounts that are not integral multiples of such minimum Specified Denomination. In such a case a holder who, as a result of trading such amounts, holds an amount which is less than the minimum Specified Denomination in his account with the relevant clearing system at the relevant time may not receive a definitive Note in respect of such holding (should definitive Notes be printed) and would need to purchase a principal amount of Notes such that its holding amounts to a Specified Denomination.

If such Notes in definitive form are issued, holders should be aware that definitive Notes which have a denomination that is not an integral multiple of the minimum Specified Denomination may be illiquid and difficult to trade.

Risks related to the market generally

Set out below is a description of material market risks, including liquidity risk, exchange rate risk, interest rate risk and credit risk:

The secondary market generally

Notes may have no established trading market when issued, and one may never develop. If a market does develop, it may not be very liquid. Therefore, investors may not be able to sell their Notes easily or at prices that will provide them with a yield comparable to similar investments that have a developed secondary market. This is particularly the case for Notes that are especially sensitive to interest rate, currency or market risks, are designed for specific investment objectives or strategies or have been structured to meet the investment requirements of limited categories of investors. These types of Notes generally would have a more limited secondary market and more price volatility than conventional debt securities. Illiquidity may have a severely adverse effect on the market value of Notes.

Exchange rate risks and exchange controls

The Issuer will pay principal and interest on the Notes in the Specified Currency. This presents certain risks relating to currency conversions if an investor's financial activities are denominated principally in a currency or currency unit (the **Investor's Currency**) other than the Specified Currency. These include the risk that exchange rates may significantly change (including changes due to devaluation of the Specified Currency or revaluation of the Investor's Currency) and the risk that authorities with jurisdiction over the Investor's Currency may impose or modify exchange controls. An appreciation in the value of the Investor's Currency relative to the Specified Currency would decrease (1) the Investor's Currency-equivalent yield on the Notes, (2) the Investor's Currency-equivalent value of the principal payable on the Notes and (3) the Investor's Currency-equivalent market value of the Notes.

Government and monetary authorities may impose (as some have done in the past) exchange controls that could adversely affect an applicable exchange rate or the ability of the Issuer to make payments in respect of the Notes. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected, or no interest or principal.

Interest rate risks with regard to Fixed Rate Notes

Investment in Fixed Rate Notes involves the risk that if market interest rates subsequently increase above the rate paid on the Fixed Rate Notes, this will adversely affect the value of the Fixed Rate Notes.

Credit ratings may not reflect all risks

One or more independent credit rating agencies may assign credit ratings to the Issuer or the Notes. The ratings may not reflect the potential impact of all risks related to structure, market, additional factors discussed above, and other factors that may affect the value of the Notes. A credit rating is not a recommendation to buy, sell or hold securities and may be revised, suspended or withdrawn by the rating agency at any time.

In general, European regulated investors are restricted under the CRA Regulation from using credit ratings for regulatory purposes, unless such ratings are issued by a credit rating agency established in the EU and registered under the CRA Regulation (and such registration has not been withdrawn or suspended), subject to transitional provisions that apply in certain circumstances whilst the registration application is pending. Such general restriction will also apply in the case of credit ratings issued by non-EU credit rating agencies, unless the relevant credit ratings are endorsed by an EU-registered credit rating agency or the relevant non-EU rating agency is certified in accordance with the CRA Regulation (and such endorsement action or certification, as the case may be, has not been withdrawn or suspended).

Certain information with respect to the credit rating agencies and ratings is set out on the cover of this Offering Circular and will be disclosed in the Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement.

DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

The following documents which have previously been published, and have been filed with the Central Bank, shall be incorporated in, and form part of, this Offering Circular:

- (a) the auditors report and audited consolidated annual financial statements of the Issuer for the financial years ended 31 December 2012 (contained on pages 14 to 44 of the Issuer's 2012 Annual Report) and 31 December 2011 (contained on pages 14 to 42 of the Issuer's 2011 Annual Report) which can be viewed online at:

[http://www.stadshypotek.se/shb/inet/icensv.nsf/vlookuppics/investor_relations_en_hs_12_eng_ar/\\$file/hs12eng_medfoto.pdf](http://www.stadshypotek.se/shb/inet/icensv.nsf/vlookuppics/investor_relations_en_hs_12_eng_ar/$file/hs12eng_medfoto.pdf), and

[http://www.stadshypotek.se/shb/inet/icensv.nsf/vlookuppics/investor_relations_en_hs_11_eng_ar/\\$file/hs11eng_medfoto.pdf](http://www.stadshypotek.se/shb/inet/icensv.nsf/vlookuppics/investor_relations_en_hs_11_eng_ar/$file/hs11eng_medfoto.pdf);

- (b) the unaudited interim consolidated financial statements of the Issuer for the six months ended 30 June 2013 which can be viewed online at:

[http://www.stadshypotek.se/shb/inet/icensv.nsf/vlookuppics/investor_relations_en_hs_q2_13_eng_report/\\$file/hsq213eng_rapport.pdf](http://www.stadshypotek.se/shb/inet/icensv.nsf/vlookuppics/investor_relations_en_hs_q2_13_eng_report/$file/hsq213eng_rapport.pdf);

- (c) the Terms and Conditions of the Notes set out on pages 28 to 45 of the Offering Circular dated 6 December 2012, pages 35 to 54 of the Offering Circular dated 6 December 2011 and pages 34 to 53 of the Offering Circular dated 2 December 2010 which can be viewed online at:

http://www.rns-pdf.londonstockexchange.com/rns/0062T_5-2012-12-7.pdf

[http://www.stadshypotek.se/shb/inet/icensv.nsf/vlookuppics/investor_relations_en_stadshypotek_final_clean_oc_2011/\\$file/stadshypotek_final_clean_oc_2010.pdf](http://www.stadshypotek.se/shb/inet/icensv.nsf/vlookuppics/investor_relations_en_stadshypotek_final_clean_oc_2011/$file/stadshypotek_final_clean_oc_2010.pdf), and

[http://www.stadshypotek.se/shb/inet/icensv.nsf/vlookuppics/investor_relations_en_stadshypotek_final_clean_oc_2010/\\$file/stadshypotek_final_clean_oc_\(2010\).pdf](http://www.stadshypotek.se/shb/inet/icensv.nsf/vlookuppics/investor_relations_en_stadshypotek_final_clean_oc_2010/$file/stadshypotek_final_clean_oc_(2010).pdf)

Following the publication of this Offering Circular a supplement may be prepared by the Issuer and approved by the Central Bank in accordance with Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive. Statements contained in any such supplement (or contained in any document incorporated by reference therein) shall, to the extent applicable (whether expressly, by implication or otherwise), be deemed to modify or supersede statements contained in this Offering Circular or in a document which is incorporated by reference in this Offering Circular. Any statement so modified or superseded shall not, except as so modified or superseded, constitute a part of this Offering Circular.

Copies of documents incorporated by reference in this Offering Circular can be obtained from the registered office of the Issuer in Stockholm or on the websites specified above.

Any documents themselves incorporated by references in the documents incorporated by reference in this Offering Circular shall not form part of this Offering Circular.

Any information set out in the non-incorporated parts of the documents incorporated by reference is not relevant for investors in the Notes.

The Issuer will, in the event of any significant new factor, material mistake or inaccuracy relating to information included in this Offering Circular which is capable of affecting the assessment of any Notes, prepare a supplement to this Offering Circular or publish a new Offering Circular for use in connection with any subsequent issue of Notes.

FORM OF THE NOTES

Any reference in this section to “applicable Final Terms” shall be deemed to include a reference to “applicable Pricing Supplement” where relevant.

Each Tranche of Notes will be in bearer form and will be initially issued in the form of a global note (a **Global Note**) which will:

- (i) if the Global Note is intended to be issued in new global note (**NGN**) form, as stated in the applicable Final Terms, be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the Tranche to a common safekeeper (the **Common Safekeeper**) for Euroclear Bank SA/NV (**Euroclear**) and Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme* (**Clearstream, Luxembourg**); and
- (ii) if the Global Note is not intended to be issued in NGN Form, be delivered on or prior to the original issue date of the Tranche to a common depository (the **Common Depository**) for Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Where the Global Note issued in respect of any Tranche is in NGN form, Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg will be notified whether or not such Global Note is intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility. Any indication that the Global Note is to be so held does not necessarily mean that the Notes of the relevant Tranche will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra-day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any times during their life as such recognition depends upon satisfaction of the Eurosystem eligibility criteria. The Common Safekeeper for NGNs will either be Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg or another entity approved by Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Payments of principal, interest (if any) or any other amounts on a Global Note will be made through Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (against presentation or surrender (as the case may be) of the Global Note if the Global Note is not intended to be issued in NGN form) without any requirement for certification.

A Global Note will be exchangeable (free of charge), in whole but not in part, for definitive Notes with, where applicable, interest coupons and talons attached only upon the occurrence of an Exchange Event. For these purposes, **Exchange Event** means that (i) the Issuer has been notified that both Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg have been closed for business for a continuous period of 14 days (other than by reason of holiday, statutory or otherwise) or have announced an intention permanently to cease business or have in fact done so and no successor clearing system satisfactory to the Trustee is available or (ii) the Issuer has or will become subject to adverse tax consequences, resulting from changes to Swedish legislation, which would not be suffered were the Notes represented by the Global Note in definitive form. The Issuer will promptly give notice to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12 if an Exchange Event occurs. In the event of the occurrence of an Exchange Event, Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg (acting on the instructions of any holder of an interest in such Global Note) or the Trustee may give notice to the Agent requesting exchange and, in the event of the occurrence of an Exchange Event as described in (ii) above, the Issuer may also give notice to the Agent requesting exchange. Any such exchange shall occur not later than 45 days after the date of receipt of the first relevant notice by the Agent.

Tranches of Notes shall not be physically delivered in Belgium, except to a clearing system, a depository or other institution for the purpose of their immobilisation in accordance with article 4 of the Belgian Law of 14 December 2005.

The following legend will appear on all Notes which have an original maturity of more than one year and on all interest coupons relating to such Notes:

“ANY UNITED STATES PERSON WHO HOLDS THIS OBLIGATION WILL BE SUBJECT TO LIMITATIONS UNDER THE UNITED STATES INCOME TAX LAWS, INCLUDING THE LIMITATIONS PROVIDED IN SECTIONS 165(j) AND 1287(a) OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE.”

The sections referred to provide that United States holders, with certain exceptions, will not be entitled to deduct any loss on Notes or interest coupons and will not be entitled to capital gains treatment in respect of any gain on any sale, disposition, redemption or payment of principal in respect of such Notes or interest coupons.

Notes which are represented by a Global Note will only be transferable in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be.

Pursuant to the Agency Agreement (as defined under “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*”), the Agent shall arrange that, where a further Tranche of Notes is issued which is intended to form a single Series with an existing Tranche of Notes at a point after the Issue Date of the further Tranche, the Notes of such further Tranche shall be assigned a common code and ISIN which are different from the common code and ISIN assigned to Notes of any other Tranche of the same Series until such time as the Tranches are consolidated and form a single Series, which shall not be prior to the expiry of the distribution compliance period (as defined in Regulation S under the Securities Act) applicable to the Notes of such Tranche.

Any reference herein to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg shall, whenever the context so permits, be deemed to include a reference to any additional or alternative clearing system specified in the applicable Final Terms.

No Noteholder or Couponholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer unless the Trustee, having become bound so to proceed, fails so to do within a reasonable period and the failure shall be continuing.

The Issuer may agree with any Dealer and the Trustee that Notes may be issued in a form not contemplated by the Terms and Conditions of the Notes, in which event a new Offering Circular will be made available which will describe the effect of the agreement reached in relation to such Notes.

FORM OF FINAL TERMS

Set out below is the form of Final Terms which will be completed for each Tranche of Notes other than Exempt Notes issued under the Programme.

[date]

STADSHYPOTEK AB (publ)

**Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Title of Notes]
under the €20,000,000,000
Euro Medium Term Covered Note Programme**

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

[Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions set forth in the Offering Circular dated 6 December 2013 [and the supplement[s] to it dated [] [and []] (the **Offering Circular**) which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of Directive 2003/71/EC as amended (which includes the amendments made by Directive 2010/73/EU to the extent that such amendments have been implemented in a relevant Member State of the European Economic Area) (the **Prospectus Directive**). This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of the Prospectus Directive and must be read in conjunction with the Offering Circular. Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Offering Circular. The Offering Circular has been published on the website of the Central Bank of Ireland at www.centralbank.ie]

[The following alternative language applies if the first tranche of an issue which is being increased was issued under an Offering Circular with an earlier date.]

[Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions (the **Conditions**) set forth in the Offering Circular dated [], which Conditions are incorporated by reference in the Offering Circular dated 6 December 2013. This document constitutes the Final Terms of the Notes described herein for the purposes of Article 5.4 of Directive 2003/71/EC as amended (which includes the amendments made by Directive 2010/73/EU to the extent that such amendments have been implemented in a relevant Member State of the European Economic Area) (the **Prospectus Directive**) and must be read in conjunction with the Offering Circular dated 6 December 2013 [and the supplement[s] to it dated [] [and []] (the **Offering Circular**) which [together] constitute[s] a base prospectus for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive, including the Conditions incorporated by reference in the Offering Circular. Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of these Final Terms and the Offering Circular. The Offering Circular has been published on the website of the Central Bank of Ireland at www.centralbank.ie]

[Include whichever of the following apply or specify as “Not Applicable” (N/A). Note that the numbering should remain as set out below, even if “Not Applicable” is indicated for individual paragraphs or subparagraphs. Italics denote directions for completing the Final Terms.]

[When adding any other information consideration should be given as to whether such information constitutes “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Offering Circular under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.]

1. Issuer: Stadshypotek AB (publ)
2. (a) Series Number: []
- (b) Tranche Number: []
- (c) Relevant Cover Pool: [Swedish Cover Pool/Norwegian Cover Pool]

- (d) Date on which the Notes will be consolidated and form a single Series: [The Notes will be consolidated and form a single Series with [] on [the Issue Date]][Not Applicable]
3. Specified Currency or Currencies: []
4. Aggregate Nominal Amount:
- (a) Series: []
- (b) Tranche: []
5. Issue Price: [] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from [Insert Date]] [(if applicable)]
6. (a) Specified Denominations: []
(N.B. Notes must have a minimum denomination of €100,000 (or equivalent))

(N.B. Where multiple denominations above [€100,000] or equivalent are being used the following sample wording should be followed:

“[€100,000] and integral multiples of [€1,000] in excess thereof up to and including [€199,000]. No Notes in definitive form will be issued with a denomination above [€199,000].”)
- (b) Calculation Amount: []

(If only one Specified Denomination, insert the Specified Denomination. If more than one Specified Denomination, insert the highest common factor. Note: There must be a common factor in the case of two or more Specified Denominations.)
7. (a) Issue Date: []
- (b) Interest Commencement Date: [[]/Issue Date/Not Applicable]

(N.B. An Interest Commencement Date will not be relevant for certain Notes, for example Zero Coupon Notes.)
8. Maturity Date: [Fixed rate – specify date/floating rate – Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to [specify month]] [(NB: The Maturity Date should not be less than one year after the Issue Date)]
9. Interest Basis: [[] per cent. Fixed Rate]
 [LIBOR/EURIBOR/STIBOR/NIBOR] +/- [] per cent. Floating Rate]
 [Zero Coupon]
 (see paragraph [14/15/16] below)
10. Redemption Basis: Subject to any purchase and cancellation or early redemption, the Notes will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at [100] per cent. of their nominal amount.

11. Change of Interest Basis: [Specify the date when any fixed to floating rate change occurs or cross refer to paragraphs 14 and 15 below and identify there][Not Applicable]
12. Call Options: [Issuer Call
(see paragraph 17 below)] [Not Applicable]
13. Date [Board] approval for issuance of Notes obtained: [date][Not Applicable]
(N.B. Only relevant where Board (or similar) authorisation is required for the particular tranche of Notes)

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

14. Fixed Rate Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
- (a) Rate(s) of Interest: [] per cent. per annum payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date
- (b) Interest Payment Date(s): [] in each year up to and including the Maturity Date
(Amend appropriately in the case of irregular coupons)
- (c) Fixed Coupon Amount(s) [] per Calculation Amount
(Applicable to Notes in definitive form):
- (d) Broken Amount(s) [[] per Calculation Amount, payable on the Interest Payment Date falling [in/on] []][Not Applicable]
(Applicable to Notes in definitive form):
- (e) Day Count Fraction: [30/360][Actual/Actual (ICMA)]
- (f) Determination Date(s): [[] in each year][Not Applicable]
(Only relevant where Day Count Fraction is Actual/Actual (ICMA). In such a case, insert regular interest payment dates, ignoring issue date or maturity date in the case of a long or short first or last coupon)
15. Floating Rate Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
- (a) Specified Period(s)/Specified Interest Payment Dates: []
- (b) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention/Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention]
- (c) Additional Business Centre(s): []
- (d) Manner in which the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount is to be determined: [Screen Rate Determination][ISDA Determination]

- (e) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount (if not the Agent): []
- (f) Screen Rate Determination:
- Reference Rate and Relevant Financial Centre: Reference Rate: [] month [LIBOR/EURIBOR/STIBOR/NIBOR]
Relevant Financial Centre: [London/Brussels/Stockholm/Oslo]
 - Specified Time: [[] in the Relevant Financial Centre]
 - Interest Determination Date(s): [[As specified in Condition 3.2(b)(ii)]
[Second London business day prior to the start of each Interest Period]
[First day of each Interest Period]
[Second day on which the TARGET2 System is open prior to the start of each Interest Period]
[Second Stockholm business day prior to the start of each Interest Period]
[Second Oslo business day prior to the start of each Interest Period]]
[] days prior to the start of each Interest Period]]
[]
 - Relevant Screen Page: []
(In the case of EURIBOR, if not Reuters EURIBOR01 ensure it is a page which shows a composite rate or amend the fallback provisions appropriately)
- (g) ISDA Determination:
- Floating Rate Option: []
 - Designated Maturity: []
 - Reset Date: []
- (h) Linear Interpolation: [Not Applicable][Applicable. The Rate of Interest for the [long/short] [first/last] Interest Period shall be calculated using Linear Interpolation] []
- (i) Margin(s): [+/-] [] per cent. per annum
- (j) Minimum Rate of Interest: [] per cent. per annum
- (k) Maximum Rate of Interest: [] per cent. per annum
- (l) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/Actual (ISDA)][Actual/Actual]
[Actual/365 (Fixed)]
[Actual/365 (Sterling)]
[Actual/360]
[30/360][360/360][Bond Basis]
[30E/360][Eurobond Basis]
[30E/360 (ISDA)]

16. Zero Coupon Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
- (a) Accrual Yield: [] per cent. per annum
- (b) Reference Price: []
- (c) Day Count Fraction in relation to late payment: [30/360]
 [Actual/360]
 [Actual/365]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

17. Issuer Call: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
- (a) Optional Redemption Date(s): []
- (b) Optional Redemption Amount: [] per Calculation Amount
- (c) If redeemable in part:
- (i) Minimum Redemption Amount: []
- (ii) Maximum Redemption Amount: []
18. Final Redemption Amount: [] per Calculation Amount

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES

19. Form of Notes:
- (a) Form: Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes only upon an Exchange Event
- (b) New Global Note: [Yes][No]
20. Additional Financial Centre(s): [Not Applicable] []
(Note that this paragraph relates to the place of payment and not Interest Period end dates to which sub-paragraph 15(c) relates)
21. Talons for future Coupons to be attached to Definitive Notes: [Yes, as the Notes have more than 27 coupon payments, Talons may be required if, on exchange into definitive form, more than 27 coupon payments are still to be made/No]

PURPOSE OF FINAL TERMS

These Final Terms comprise the final terms required for issue [and] [admission to trading on the Irish Stock Exchange's regulated market and for listing on the Official List of the Irish Stock Exchange] of the Notes described herein pursuant to the listing of the €20,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Covered Note Programme of Stadshypotek AB (publ).

[[*Relevant third party information*] has been extracted from [*specify source*]. The Issuer confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by [*specify source*], no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.]

Signed on behalf of Stadshypotek AB (publ):

By: _____
Duly authorised

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1. LISTING AND ADMISSION TO TRADING

- (i) Listing: [The Official List of the Irish Stock Exchange/[]]
[Insert name of stock exchange on which listing has been, or will be, obtained]
- (ii) Admission to trading: Application has been made for the Notes to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of the [Irish Stock Exchange]/ []*[insert name of EEA regulated market]* with effect from []
- (iii) Estimate of total expenses related to admission to trading: []

2. RATINGS

- Ratings: [The Notes to be issued [[have been]/[are expected to be]] rated:][The following rating[s] reflect[s] ratings assigned to Notes of this type issued under the Programme generally:]
[insert details] by *[insert legal name of the relevant credit rating agency]*
(The above disclosure should reflect the rating allocated to Notes of the type being issued under the Programme generally or, where the issue has been specifically rated, that rating.)
[[Insert the legal name of the relevant credit rating agency entity] is established in the European Union and is registered under Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 (as amended).]

3. INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE

[Save for any fees payable to [[] (the **Managers**)/the **Dealers**], so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. The [Managers/Dealers] and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business.

[(When adding any other description, consideration should be given as to whether such matters described constitute “significant new factors” and consequently trigger the need for a supplement to the Offering Circular under Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.)]

4. YIELD (*Fixed Rate Notes only*)

- Indication of yield: []
The yield is calculated at the Issue Date on the basis of the Issue Price. It is not an indication of future yield.

5. OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

- (i) ISIN Code: []
- (ii) Common Code: []

- (iii) Any clearing system(s) other than Euroclear Bank SA/NV and Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme* and the relevant identification number(s): [Not Applicable] []
- (iv) Names and addresses of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any): []
- (v) Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment
- [(vi) Intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility: [Yes. Note that the designation “yes” simply means that the Notes are intended upon issue to be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.]/
- [No. Whilst the designation is specified as “no” at the date of these Final Terms, should the Eurosystem eligibility criteria be amended in the future such that the Notes are capable of meeting them the Notes may then be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper. Note that this does not necessarily mean that the Notes will then be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra day credit operations by the Eurosystem at any time during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.]]

6. DISTRIBUTION

- U.S. Selling Restrictions: [Reg. S Compliance Category 2; TEFRA C/TEFRA not applicable]

FORM OF PRICING SUPPLEMENT

Set out below is the form of Pricing Supplement which will be completed for each Tranche of Exempt Notes, whatever the denomination of those Notes, issued under the Programme.

NO PROSPECTUS IS REQUIRED IN ACCORDANCE WITH DIRECTIVE 2003/71/EC FOR THE ISSUE OF NOTES DESCRIBED BELOW.

[]

STADSHYPOTEK AB (publ)

Issue of [Aggregate Nominal Amount of Tranche] [Title of Notes]
under the €20,000,000,000
Euro Medium Term Covered Note Programme

PART A – CONTRACTUAL TERMS

This document constitutes the Pricing Supplement for the Notes described herein. This document must be read in conjunction with the Offering Circular dated [] [as supplemented by the supplement[s] dated [] [and[]]] (the **Offering Circular**). Full information on the Issuer and the offer of the Notes is only available on the basis of the combination of this Pricing Supplement and the Offering Circular. Copies of the Offering Circular may be obtained from [].

[Terms used herein shall be deemed to be defined as such for the purposes of the Conditions (the **Conditions**) set forth in the Offering Circular dated [], which Conditions are incorporated by reference in the Offering Circular dated 6 December 2013.

1. Issuer: Stadshypotek AB (publ)
2. (a) Series Number: []
(b) Tranche Number: []
(c) Relevant Cover Pool: [Swedish Cover Pool/Norwegian Cover Pool]
(d) Date on which the Notes will be consolidated and form a single Series: [The Notes will be consolidated and form a single Series with [identify earlier Tranches] on [the Issue Date]][Not Applicable]
3. Specified Currency or Currencies: []
4. Aggregate Nominal Amount:
(a) Series: []
(b) Tranche: []
5. Issue Price: [] per cent. of the Aggregate Nominal Amount [plus accrued interest from [insert date] (if applicable)]
6. (a) Specified Denominations: []
(b) Calculation Amount: []

(If only one Specified Denomination, insert the Specified Denomination. If more than one Specified Denomination, insert the highest common factor. Note: There must be a common factor in the case of two or more Specified Denominations.)

7. (a) Issue Date: []
- (b) Interest Commencement Date: [*specify*]/Issue Date/Not Applicable]
- (N.B. An Interest Commencement Date will not be relevant for certain Notes, for example Zero Coupon Notes.)*
8. Maturity Date: [*Fixed rate – specify date/Floating rate – Interest Payment Date falling in or nearest to specify month*]
9. Interest Basis: [[] per cent. Fixed Rate]
[LIBOR/EURIBOR/STIBOR/NIBOR] +/- [] per cent. Floating Rate]
[Zero Coupon]
(see paragraph [14/15/16] below)
10. Redemption Basis: Subject to any purchase and cancellation or early redemption, the Notes will be redeemed on the Maturity Date at [100] per cent. of their nominal amount.
11. Change of Interest Basis: [*Specify details of any provision for change of Notes into another Interest Basis or Redemption/Payment Basis*][Not Applicable]
12. Call Options: [Issuer Call
(see paragraph 17 below)] [Not Applicable]
13. Date [Board] approval for issuance of Notes obtained: [] [Not Applicable]
- (N.B. Only relevant where Board (or similar) authorisation is required for the particular tranche of Notes)*

PROVISIONS RELATING TO INTEREST (IF ANY) PAYABLE

14. Fixed Rate Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)*
- (a) Rate(s) of Interest: [] per cent. per annum payable in arrear on each Interest Payment Date
- (b) Interest Payment Date(s): [] in each year up to and including the Maturity Date
(Amend appropriately in the case of irregular coupons)
- (c) Fixed Coupon Amount(s): [] per Calculation Amount
- (d) Broken Amount(s): [[] per Calculation Amount, payable on the Interest Payment Date falling [in/on] []][Not Applicable]
- (e) Day Count Fraction: [30/360][Actual/Actual (ICMA)]
- (f) Determination Date(s): [[] in each year][Not Applicable]
- (Only relevant where Day Count Fraction is Actual/Actual (ICMA). In such a case, insert regular interest payment dates, ignoring issue date or maturity date in the case of a long or short first or last coupon)*

15. Floating Rate Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]
- (If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)*
- (a) Specified Period(s)/Specified Interest Payment Dates: []
- (b) Business Day Convention: [Floating Rate Convention/Following Business Day Convention/Modified Following Business Day Convention/Preceding Business Day Convention/[specify other]
- (c) Additional Business Centre(s): []
- (d) Manner in which the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount is to be determined: [Screen Rate Determination][ISDA Determination/specify other]
- (e) Party responsible for calculating the Rate of Interest and Interest Amount (if not the Agent): []
- (f) Screen Rate Determination:
- Reference Rate and Relevant Financial Centre: Reference Rate: [] month [LIBOR/EURIBOR/STIBOR/NIBOR]
Relevant Financial Centre: [London/Brussels/Stockholm/Oslo]
 - Specified Time: [[] in the Relevant Financial Centre]
 - Interest Determination Date(s): [[As specified in Condition 3.2(b)(ii)]
[Second London business day prior to the start of each Interest Period]
[First day of each Interest Period]
[Second day on which the TARGET2 System is open prior to the start of each Interest Period]
[Second Stockholm business day prior to the start of each Interest Period]
[Second Oslo business day prior to the start of each Interest Period]]
[[] days prior to the start of each Interest Period]
[]
 - Relevant Screen Page: []
- (In the case of EURIBOR, if not Reuters EURIBOR01 ensure it is a page which shows a composite rate or amend the fallback provisions appropriately)*
- (g) ISDA Determination:
- Floating Rate Option: []
 - Designated Maturity: []
 - Reset Date: []

- (h) Linear Interpolation: [Not Applicable][Applicable. The Rate of Interest for the [long/short] [first/last] Interest Period shall be calculated using Linear Interpolation]
- (i) Margin(s): [+/-] [] per cent. per annum
- (j) Minimum Rate of Interest: [] per cent. per annum
- (k) Maximum Rate of Interest: [] per cent. per annum
- (l) Day Count Fraction: [Actual/Actual (ISDA)][Actual/Actual]
[Actual/365 (Fixed)]
[Actual/365 (Sterling)]
[Actual/360]
[30/360][360/360][Bond Basis]
[30E/360][Eurobond Basis]
[30E/360 (ISDA)]
16. Zero Coupon Note Provisions [Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
- (a) Accrual Yield: [] per cent. per annum
- (b) Reference Price: []
- (c) Day Count Fraction in relation to late payment: [30/360]
[Actual/360]
[Actual/365]

PROVISIONS RELATING TO REDEMPTION

17. Issuer Call: [Applicable/Not Applicable]
(If not applicable, delete the remaining subparagraphs of this paragraph)
- (a) Optional Redemption Date(s): []
- (b) Optional Redemption Amount: [] per Calculation Amount
- (c) If redeemable in part:
- (i) Minimum Redemption Amount: []
- (ii) Maximum Redemption Amount: []
18. Final Redemption Amount: [] per Calculation Amount

GENERAL PROVISIONS APPLICABLE TO THE NOTES

19. Form of Notes:
- (a) Form: Global Note exchangeable for Definitive Notes only upon an Exchange Event
(Ensure that this is consistent with the wording in the “Form of the Notes” section in the Offering Circular and the Notes themselves.)

- (b) New Global Note: [Yes][No]
20. Additional Financial Centre(s): [Not Applicable] []
- (Note that this paragraph relates to the place of payment and not Interest Period end dates to which subparagraph 15(c) relates)*
21. Talons for future Coupons to be attached to Definitive Notes: [Yes, as the Notes have more than 27 coupon payments, Talons may be required if, on exchange into definitive form, more than 27 coupon payments are still to be made/No]
22. Other final terms: [Not Applicable] []

PURPOSE OF PRICING SUPPLEMENT

The Pricing Supplement comprises the pricing supplement required for issue of the Notes described herein pursuant to the listing of the €20,000,000,000 Euro Medium Term Covered Note Programme of Stadshypotek AB (publ).

[[*Relevant third party information*] has been extracted from [*specify source*]. The Issuer confirms that such information has been accurately reproduced and that, so far as it is aware and is able to ascertain from information published by [*specify source*], no facts have been omitted which would render the reproduced information inaccurate or misleading.]

Signed on behalf of Stadshypotek AB (publ):

By: _____
Duly authorised

PART B – OTHER INFORMATION

1. LISTING AND ADMISSION TO TRADING

- (i) Listing and Admission to trading: [Application for the Notes to be admitted to trading [[has been]/[is expected to be]] made to []:

Date from which admission is effective: []

[Not Applicable]

2. RATINGS

- Ratings: [The Notes to be issued [[have been]/[are expected to be]] rated:][The following rating[s] reflect[s] ratings assigned to Notes of this type issued under the Programme generally:]

[insert details] by [insert legal name of the relevant credit rating agency]

[insert the legal name of the relevant credit rating agency entity(ies) (The above disclosure is only required if the ratings of the Notes are different to those stated in the Offering Circular)

[[Insert the legal name of the relevant credit rating agency entity] is established in the European Union and is registered under Regulation (EC) No. 1060/2009 (as amended).]

3. INTERESTS OF NATURAL AND LEGAL PERSONS INVOLVED IN THE ISSUE

[Save for any fees payable to [] (the **Managers**)/the **Dealers**], so far as the Issuer is aware, no person involved in the issue of the Notes has an interest material to the offer. The [Managers/Dealers] and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform other services for, the Issuer and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business.

4. YIELD (Fixed Rate Notes only)

Indication of yield: []

The yield is calculated at the Issue Date on the basis of the Issue Price. It is not an indication of future yield.

5. OPERATIONAL INFORMATION

(i) ISIN Code: []

(ii) Common Code: []

(iii) Any clearing system(s) other than Euroclear Bank SA/NV and Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme* and the relevant identification number(s): [Not Applicable] [give name(s) and number(s)]

- (iv) Names and addresses of additional Paying Agent(s) (if any): []
- (v) Delivery: Delivery [against/free of] payment
- [(vi) Intended to be held in a manner which would allow Eurosystem eligibility: [Yes. Note that the designation “yes” simply means that the Notes are intended upon issue to be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper and does not necessarily mean that the Notes will be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra day credit operations by the Eurosystem either upon issue or at any or all times during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.]/
- [No. Whilst the designation is specified as “no” at the date of these Final Terms, should the Eurosystem eligibility criteria be amended in the future such that the Notes are capable of meeting them the Notes may then be deposited with one of the ICSDs as common safekeeper. Note that this does not necessarily mean that the Notes will then be recognised as eligible collateral for Eurosystem monetary policy and intra day credit operations by the Eurosystem at any time during their life. Such recognition will depend upon the ECB being satisfied that Eurosystem eligibility criteria have been met.]]

6. DISTRIBUTION

U.S. Selling Restrictions: [Reg. S Compliance Category 2; TEFRA C/TEFRA not applicable]

TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF THE NOTES

The following are the Terms and Conditions of the Notes which will be incorporated by reference into each Global Note (as defined below) and each definitive Note, in the latter case only if permitted by the relevant stock exchange or other relevant authority (if any) and agreed by the Issuer and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue but, if not so permitted and agreed, such definitive Note will have endorsed thereon or attached thereto such Terms and Conditions. The applicable Pricing Supplement in relation to any Tranche of Exempt Notes may specify other terms and conditions which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with the following Terms and Conditions, replace or modify the following Terms and Conditions for the purpose of such Notes. The applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement (or the relevant provisions thereof) will be endorsed upon, or attached to, each Global Note and definitive Note. Reference should be made to “Applicable Final Terms” or “Applicable Pricing Supplement” for a description of the content of the Final Terms or Pricing Supplement which will specify which of such terms are to apply in relation to the relevant Notes.

The Notes are issued in accordance with the Swedish Covered Bonds Issuance Act (*Sw. lag (2003:1223) om utgivning av säkerställda obligationer*) (the **Covered Bonds Issuance Act**).

The Issuer has established an asset pool consisting of mainly mortgage loans over real estate located in the Kingdom of Sweden, public assets and certain qualified supplementary security (the **Swedish Cover Pool**) in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and an asset pool consisting of mainly mortgage loans over real estate located in the Kingdom of Norway, public assets and certain qualified supplementary security (the **Norwegian Cover Pool**) in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act. The Swedish Cover Pool and the Norwegian Cover Pool are together referred to as the **Cover Pools**. Notes which have a statutory preferential right over the Swedish Cover Pool shall be designated **Swedish Notes** and Notes which have a statutory preferential right over the Norwegian Cover Pool shall be designated **Norwegian Notes**. The applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement specifies whether the Notes have a statutory preferential right over the Swedish Cover Pool or the Norwegian Cover Pool (being the **relevant Cover Pool** and each a **Cover Pool**). The Issuer will keep a separate Register (as defined in “*Overview of the Swedish legislation regarding Covered Bonds*”) for each Cover Pool, its assets and relevant derivative contracts.

This Note is one of a Series (as defined below) of Notes issued by Stadshypotek AB (publ) (the **Issuer**) constituted by a Trust Deed (such Trust Deed as modified and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the **Trust Deed**) dated 24 November 2006 made between the Issuer and Deutsche Trustee Company Limited (the **Trustee**, which expression shall include any successor as Trustee).

References herein to the **Notes** shall be references to the Notes of this Series and shall mean:

- (a) in relation to any Notes represented by a global Note (a **Global Note**), units of each Specified Denomination in the Specified Currency;
- (b) any Global Note; and
- (c) any definitive Notes issued in exchange for a Global Note.

The Notes and the Coupons (as defined below) have the benefit of an Agency Agreement (such Agency Agreement as amended and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the **Agency Agreement**) dated 6 December 2013 and made between the Issuer, the Trustee, Deutsche Bank AG, London Branch as issuing and principal paying agent and agent bank (the **Agent**, which expression shall include any successor agent) and the other paying agents named therein (together with the Agent, the **Paying Agents**, which expression shall include any additional or successor paying agents).

Interest bearing definitive Notes have interest coupons (**Coupons**) and, in the case of Notes which, when issued in definitive form, have more than 27 interest payments remaining, talons for further Coupons (**Talons**) attached on issue. Any reference herein to Coupons or coupons shall, unless the context otherwise requires, be deemed to include a reference to Talons or talons. Global Notes do not have Coupons or Talons attached on issue.

The final terms for this Note (or the relevant provisions thereof) are set out in Part A of the Final Terms attached to or endorsed on this Note which supplement these Terms and Conditions (the **Conditions**) or, if this Note is a Note which is neither admitted to trading on a regulated market in the European Economic Area nor offered in the European Economic Area in circumstances where a prospectus is required to be published under the Prospectus Directive (an **Exempt Note**), the final terms (or the relevant provisions thereof) are set out in Part A of the Pricing Supplement and may specify other terms and conditions which shall, to the extent so specified or to the extent inconsistent with the Conditions, replace or modify the Conditions for the purposes of this Note. References to the **applicable Final Terms** are, unless otherwise stated, to Part A of the Final Terms (or the relevant provisions thereof) attached to or endorsed on this Note. References to the **applicable Pricing Supplement** are, unless otherwise stated, to Part A of the Pricing Supplement (or the relevant provisions thereof) attached to or endorsed on this Note.

The Trustee acts for the benefit of the holders for the time being of the Notes (the **Noteholders**, which expression shall, in relation to any Notes represented by a Global Note, be construed as provided below) and the holders of the Coupons (the **Couponholders**, which expression shall, unless the context otherwise requires, include the holders of the Talons), in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed.

As used herein, **Tranche** means Notes which are identical in all respects (including as to listing and admission to trading) and **Series** means a Tranche of Notes together with any further Tranche or Tranches of Notes which are (a) expressed to be consolidated and form a single series and (b) identical in all respects (including as to listing and admission to trading) except for their respective Issue Dates, Interest Commencement Dates and/or Issue Prices.

Copies of the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement are available for inspection during normal business hours at the registered office for the time being of the Trustee being at 6 December 2013 at Winchester House, 1 Great Winchester Street, London EC2N 2DB and at the specified office of each of the Paying Agents. If the Notes are to be admitted to trading on the regulated market of the Irish Stock Exchange the applicable Final Terms will be published on the website of the Central Bank of Ireland. If this Note is an Exempt Note, the applicable Pricing Supplement will only be obtainable by a Noteholder holding one or more Notes and such Noteholder must produce evidence satisfactory to the Issuer and the Trustee or, as the case may be, the relevant Paying Agent as to its holding of such Notes and identity. The Noteholders and the Couponholders are deemed to have notice of, and are entitled to the benefit of, all the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement which are applicable to them. The statements in the Conditions include summaries of, and are subject to, the detailed provisions of the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement.

Words and expressions defined in the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement or used in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement shall have the same meanings where used in the Conditions unless the context otherwise requires or unless otherwise stated and provided that, in the event of inconsistency between the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement, the Trust Deed will prevail and, in the event of inconsistency between the Trust Deed or the Agency Agreement and the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement will prevail.

In the Conditions, **euro** means the currency introduced at the start of the third stage of European economic and monetary union pursuant to the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union, as amended.

1. FORM, DENOMINATION AND TITLE

The Notes are in bearer form and, in the case of definitive Notes, serially numbered, in the currency (the **Specified Currency**) and the denominations (the **Specified Denomination(s)**) specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement. Notes of one Specified Denomination may not be exchanged for Notes of another Specified Denomination.

This Note may be a Fixed Rate Note, a Floating Rate Note, a Zero Coupon Note or a combination of any of the foregoing, depending upon the Interest Basis shown in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement.

Definitive Notes are issued with Coupons attached, unless they are Zero Coupon Notes in which case references to Coupons and Couponholders in the Conditions are not applicable.

Subject as set out below, title to the Notes and Coupons will pass by delivery. The Issuer, the Paying Agents and the Trustee will (except as otherwise required by law) deem and treat the bearer of any Note or Coupon as the absolute owner thereof (whether or not overdue and notwithstanding any notice of ownership or writing thereon or notice of any previous loss or theft thereof) for all purposes but, in the case of any Global Note, without prejudice to the provisions set out in the next succeeding paragraph.

For so long as any of the Notes is represented by a Global Note held on behalf of Euroclear Bank SA/NV (**Euroclear**) and/or Clearstream Banking, *société anonyme* (**Clearstream, Luxembourg**), each person (other than Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg) who is for the time being shown in the records of Euroclear or of Clearstream, Luxembourg as the holder of a particular nominal amount of such Notes (in which regard any certificate or other document issued by Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as to the nominal amount of such Notes standing to the account of any person shall be conclusive and binding for all purposes save in the case of manifest error) shall be treated by the Issuer, the Paying Agents and the Trustee as the holder of such nominal amount of such Notes for all purposes other than with respect to the payment of principal or interest on such nominal amount of such Notes, for which purpose the bearer of the Global Note shall be treated by the Issuer, any Paying Agent and the Trustee as the holder of such nominal amount of such Notes in accordance with and subject to the terms of the Global Note and the expressions **Noteholder** and **holder of Notes** and related expressions shall be construed accordingly. In determining whether a particular person is entitled to a particular nominal amount of Notes as aforesaid, the Trustee may rely on such evidence and/or information and/or certification as it shall, in its absolute discretion, think fit and, if it does so rely, such evidence and/or information and/or certification shall, in the absence of manifest error, be conclusive and binding on all concerned.

Notes which are represented by a Global Note will be transferable only in accordance with the rules and procedures for the time being of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be.

References to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg shall, whenever the context so permits, be deemed to include a reference to any additional or alternative clearing system specified in Part B of the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement.

2. STATUS OF THE NOTES

The Swedish Notes constitute unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer and rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves. The Swedish Notes are obligations issued in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and rank *pari passu* in the Swedish Cover Pool with all other obligations of the Issuer that have been provided the same priority as debt instruments issued in accordance with the terms of the Covered Bonds Issuance Act in respect of the Swedish Cover Pool.

The Norwegian Notes constitute unsubordinated obligations of the Issuer and rank *pari passu* without any preference among themselves. The Norwegian Notes are obligations issued in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and rank *pari passu* in the Norwegian Cover Pool with all other obligations of the Issuer that have been provided the same priority as debt instruments issued in accordance with the terms of the Covered Bonds Issuance Act in respect of the Norwegian Cover Pool.

3. INTEREST

3.1 Interest on Fixed Rate Notes

Each Fixed Rate Note bears interest from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date at the rate(s) per annum equal to the Rate(s) of Interest. Interest will be payable in arrear on the Interest Payment Date(s) in each year up to (and including) the Maturity Date.

If the Notes are in definitive form, except as provided in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the amount of interest payable on each Interest Payment Date in respect of the Fixed Interest Period ending on (but excluding) such date will amount

to the Fixed Coupon Amount. Payments of interest on any Interest Payment Date will, if so specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, amount to the Broken Amount so specified.

As used in the Conditions, **Fixed Interest Period** means the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or first) Interest Payment Date.

Except in the case of Notes in definitive form where a Fixed Coupon Amount or a Broken Amount is specified in the applicable Final Terms, or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement interest shall be calculated in respect of any period by applying the Rate of Interest to:

- (A) in the case of Fixed Rate Notes which are represented by a Global Note, the aggregate outstanding nominal amount of the Fixed Rate Notes represented by such Global Note; or
- (B) in the case of Fixed Rate Notes in definitive form, the Calculation Amount;

and, in each case, multiplying such sum by the applicable Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention. Where the Specified Denomination of a Fixed Rate Note in definitive form is a multiple of the Calculation Amount, the amount of interest payable in respect of such Fixed Rate Note shall be the product of the amount (determined in the manner provided above) for the Calculation Amount and the amount by which the Calculation Amount is multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination, without any further rounding.

Day Count Fraction means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest in accordance with this Condition 3.1:

- (a) if “Actual/Actual (ICMA)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement:
 - (i) in the case of Notes where the number of days in the relevant period from (and including) the most recent Interest Payment Date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the relevant payment date (the **Accrual Period**) is equal to or shorter than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the number of days in such Accrual Period divided by the product of (I) the number of days in such Determination Period and (II) the number of Determination Dates (as specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement) that would occur in one calendar year; or
 - (ii) in the case of Notes where the Accrual Period is longer than the Determination Period during which the Accrual Period ends, the sum of:
 - (A) the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the Determination Period in which the Accrual Period begins divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Dates that would occur in one calendar year; and
 - (B) the number of days in such Accrual Period falling in the next Determination Period divided by the product of (x) the number of days in such Determination Period and (y) the number of Determination Dates that would occur in one calendar year; and
- (b) if “30/360” is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the number of days in the period from (and including) the most recent Interest Payment Date (or, if none, the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the relevant payment date (such number of days being calculated on the basis of a year of 360 days with 12 30-day months) divided by 360.

In the Conditions:

Determination Period means each period from (and including) a Determination Date to (but excluding) the next Determination Date (including, where either the Interest Commencement Date or the final Interest Payment Date is not a Determination Date, the period commencing on the first Determination Date prior to, and ending on the first Determination Date falling after, such date); and

sub unit means, with respect to any currency other than euro, the lowest amount of such currency that is available as legal tender in the country of such currency and, with respect to euro, one cent.

3.2 Interest on Floating Rate Notes

(a) Interest Payment Dates

Each Floating Rate Note bears interest from (and including) the Interest Commencement Date and such interest will be payable in arrear on either:

- (i) the Specified Interest Payment Date(s) in each year specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement; or
- (ii) if no Specified Interest Payment Date(s) is/are specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, each date (each such date, together with each Specified Interest Payment Date, an **Interest Payment Date**) which falls the number of months or other period specified as the Specified Period in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement after the preceding Interest Payment Date or, in the case of the first Interest Payment Date, after the Interest Commencement Date.

Such interest will be payable in respect of each Interest Period. In the Conditions, **Interest Period** means the period from (and including) an Interest Payment Date (or the Interest Commencement Date) to (but excluding) the next (or first) Interest Payment Date.

If a Business Day Convention is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement and (x) if there is no numerically corresponding day in the calendar month in which an Interest Payment Date should occur or (y) if any Interest Payment Date would otherwise fall on a day which is not a Business Day, then, if the Business Day Convention specified is:

- (A) in any case where Specified Periods are specified in accordance with Condition 3.2(a)(ii) above, the Floating Rate Convention, such Interest Payment Date (a) in the case of (x) above, shall be the last day that is a Business Day in the relevant month and the provisions of (ii) below shall apply *mutatis mutandis* or (b) in the case of (y) above, shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event (i) such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day and (ii) each subsequent Interest Payment Date shall be the last Business Day in the month which falls the Specified Period after the preceding applicable Interest Payment Date occurred; or
- (B) the Following Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day; or
- (C) the Modified Following Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be postponed to the next day which is a Business Day unless it would thereby fall into the next calendar month, in which event such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day; or
- (D) the Preceding Business Day Convention, such Interest Payment Date shall be brought forward to the immediately preceding Business Day.

In the Conditions, **Business Day** means a day which is both:

- (a) a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in London and each Additional Business Centre specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement; and
- (b) either (i) in relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency (which if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars or New Zealand dollars shall be Sydney and Auckland, respectively) or (ii) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a day on which the Trans-European Automated Real-Time Gross Settlement Express Transfer (TARGET2) System (the **TARGET2 System**) is open.

(b) Rate of Interest

The Rate of Interest payable from time to time in respect of Floating Rate Notes will be determined in the manner specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement.

(i) ISDA Determination for Floating Rate Notes

Where ISDA Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement as the manner in which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will be the relevant ISDA Rate plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement) the Margin (if any). For the purposes of this subparagraph (i), **ISDA Rate** for an Interest Period means a rate equal to the Floating Rate that would be determined by the Agent under an interest rate swap transaction if the Agent were acting as Calculation Agent for that swap transaction under the terms of an agreement incorporating the 2006 ISDA Definitions, as published by the International Swaps and Derivatives Association, Inc. and as amended and updated as at the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes (the **ISDA Definitions**) and under which:

- (A) the Floating Rate Option is as specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement;
- (B) the Designated Maturity is a period specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement; and
- (C) the relevant Reset Date is the day specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement.

For the purposes of this subparagraph (i), **Floating Rate, Calculation Agent, Floating Rate Option, Designated Maturity** and **Reset Date** have the meanings given to those terms in the ISDA Definitions.

Unless otherwise stated in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the Minimum Rate of Interest shall be deemed to be zero.

(ii) Screen Rate Determination for Floating Rate Notes

Where Screen Rate Determination is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement as the manner in which the

Rate of Interest is to be determined, the Rate of Interest for each Interest Period will, subject as provided below, be either:

- (A) the offered quotation; or
- (B) the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of the offered quotations,

(expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate which appears or appear, as the case may be, on the Relevant Screen Page as at the Specified Time at the Relevant Financial Centre on the Interest Determination Date in question plus or minus (as indicated in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Agent. If five or more of such offered quotations are available on the Relevant Screen Page, the highest (or, if there is more than one such highest quotation, one only of such quotations) and the lowest (or, if there is more than one such lowest quotation, one only of such quotations) shall be disregarded by the Agent for the purpose of determining the arithmetic mean (rounded as provided above) of such offered quotations.

If the Relevant Screen Page is not available or if in the case of Condition 3.2(b)(ii)(A) above, no such offered quotation appears or, in the case of Condition 3.2(b)(ii)(B) above, fewer than three such offered quotations appear, in each case as at the Specified Time, the Agent shall request each of the Reference Banks to provide the Agent with its offered quotation (expressed as a percentage rate per annum) for the Reference Rate at approximately the Specified Time on the Interest Determination Date in question. If two or more of the Reference Banks provide the Agent with such offered quotations, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of such offered quotations plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any), all as determined by the Agent.

If on any Interest Determination Date one only or none of the Reference Banks provides the Agent with such offered quotations as provided in the preceding paragraph, the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period shall be the rate per annum which the Agent determines as being the arithmetic mean (rounded if necessary to the fifth decimal place, with 0.000005 being rounded upwards) of the rates, as communicated to (and at the request of) the Agent by the Reference Banks or any two or more of them, at which such banks were offered, at approximately the Specified Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate by leading banks in the London inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is LIBOR), the Euro-zone inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR), the Stockholm inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is STIBOR) or the Oslo inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is NIBOR) plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any) or, if fewer than two of the Reference Banks provide the Agent with such offered rates, the offered rate for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, or the arithmetic mean (rounded as provided above) of the offered rates for deposits in the Specified Currency for a period equal to that which would have been used for the Reference Rate, at which, at approximately the Specified Time on the relevant Interest Determination Date, any one or more banks (which bank or banks is or are in the opinion of the Trustee and the relevant Issuer suitable for such purpose) informs the Agent it is quoting to leading banks in the London inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is LIBOR), the Euro-zone inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is EURIBOR), the Stockholm inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is STIBOR) or the Oslo inter-bank market (if the Reference Rate is NIBOR) plus or minus (as appropriate) the Margin (if any), provided that, if the Rate of Interest cannot be determined in accordance with the

foregoing provisions of this paragraph, the Rate of Interest shall be determined as at the last preceding Interest Determination Date (though substituting, where a different Margin is to be applied to the relevant Interest Period from that which applied to the last preceding Interest Period, the Margin relating to the relevant Interest Period, in place of the Margin relating to that last preceding Interest Period).

For the purposes of these Conditions:

“*Interest Determination Date*” means the date specified as such in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement or if none is so specified:

- (i) if the Reference Rate is the London interbank offered rate (**LIBOR**) (other than Sterling LIBOR or Euro LIBOR), the second London business day prior to the start of each Interest Period;
- (ii) if the Reference Rate is Sterling LIBOR, the first day of each Interest Period;
- (iii) if the Reference Rate is Euro LIBOR or the Euro-zone interbank offered rate (**EURIBOR**), the second day on which the TARGET2 System is open prior to the start of each Interest Period;
- (iv) if the Reference Rate is the Stockholm interbank offered rate (**STIBOR**), the second Stockholm business day prior to the start of each Interest Period; or
- (v) if the Reference Rate is the Norwegian interbank offered rate (**NIBOR**), the Second Oslo business day prior to the start of each Interest Period.

“*Reference Banks*” shall mean, in the case of Condition 3.2(b)(ii)(A) above, those banks whose offered rates were used to determine such quotation when such quotation last appeared on the Relevant Screen Page and, in the case of Condition 3.2(b)(ii)(B) above, those banks whose offered quotations last appeared on the Relevant Screen Page when no fewer than three such offered quotations appeared.

“*Reference Rate*” shall mean (i) LIBOR, (ii) EURIBOR, (iii) STIBOR or (iv) NIBOR, in each case for the relevant period, as specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement; and

“*Relevant Financial Centre*” shall mean (i) London, in the case of a determination of LIBOR, (ii) Brussels in the case of a determination of EURIBOR, (iii) Stockholm in the case of a determination of STIBOR, and (iv) Oslo in the case of a determination of NIBOR, as specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement.

“*Specified Time*” shall mean 11.00 a.m. (London time, in the case of a determination of LIBOR, Brussels time, in the case of a determination of EURIBOR, Stockholm time, in the case of a determination of STIBOR or 12:00 noon Oslo time, in the case of a determination of NIBOR).

(c) Minimum Rate of Interest and/or Maximum Rate of Interest

If the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement specifies a Minimum Rate of Interest for any Interest Period, then, in the event that the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) above is less than such Minimum Rate of Interest, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be such Minimum Rate of Interest.

If the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement specifies a Maximum Rate of Interest for any Interest Period, then, in the event that

the Rate of Interest in respect of such Interest Period determined in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) above is greater than such Maximum Rate of Interest, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be such Maximum Rate of Interest.

(d) Determination of Rate of Interest and calculation of Interest Amounts

The Agent will at or as soon as practicable after each time at which the Rate of Interest is to be determined, determine the Rate of Interest for the relevant Interest Period.

The Agent will calculate the amount of interest (the **Interest Amount**) payable on the Floating Rate Notes for the relevant Interest Period by applying the Rate of Interest to:

- (A) in the case of Floating Rate Notes which are represented by a Global Note, the aggregate outstanding nominal amount of the Notes represented by such Global Note; or
- (B) in the case of Floating Rate Notes in definitive form, the Calculation Amount;

and, in each case, multiplying such sum by the applicable Day Count Fraction, and rounding the resultant figure to the nearest sub-unit of the relevant Specified Currency, half of any such sub-unit being rounded upwards or otherwise in accordance with applicable market convention. Where the Specified Denomination of a Floating Rate Note in definitive form is a multiple of the Calculation Amount, the Interest Amount payable in respect of such Note shall be the product of the amount (determined in the manner provided above) for the Calculation Amount and the amount by which the Calculation Amount is multiplied to reach the Specified Denomination, without any further rounding.

Day Count Fraction means, in respect of the calculation of an amount of interest in accordance with this Condition 3.2:

- (i) if “Actual/Actual (ISDA)” or “Actual/Actual” is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 (or, if any portion of that Interest Period falls in a leap year, the sum of (I) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period falling in a leap year divided by 366 and (II) the actual number of days in that portion of the Interest Period falling in a non-leap year divided by 365);
- (ii) if “Actual/365 (Fixed)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365;
- (iii) if “Actual/365 (Sterling)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 365 or, in the case of an Interest Payment Date falling in a leap year, 366;
- (iv) if “Actual/360” is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the actual number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360;
- (v) if “30/360”, “360/360” or “Bond Basis” is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + D_2 - D_1}{360}$$

360

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless such number is 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31 and D₁ is greater than 29, in which case D₂ will be 30;

- (vi) if “30E/360” or “Eurobond Basis” is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + D_2 - D_1}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls:

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30; and

- (vii) if “30E/360 (ISDA)” is specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the number of days in the Interest Period divided by 360, calculated on a formula basis as follows:

$$\text{Day Count Fraction} = \frac{[360 \times (Y_2 - Y_1)] + [30 \times (M_2 - M_1)] + D_2 - D_1}{360}$$

where:

“Y₁” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls:

“Y₂” is the year, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₁” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the first day of the Interest Period falls;

“M₂” is the calendar month, expressed as a number, in which the day immediately following the last day of the Interest Period falls;

“D₁” is the first calendar day, expressed as a number, of the Interest Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₁ will be 30; and

“D₂” is the calendar day, expressed as a number, immediately following the last day included in the Interest Period, unless (i) that day is the last day of February but not the Maturity Date or (ii) such number would be 31, in which case D₂ will be 30.

(e) Linear Interpolation

Where Linear Interpolation is specified as applicable in respect of an Interest Period in the applicable Final Terms, the Rate of Interest for such Interest Period shall be calculated by the Agent by straight line linear interpolation by reference to two rates based on the relevant Reference Rate (where Screen Rate Determination is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms) or the relevant Floating Rate Option (where ISDA Determination is specified as applicable in the applicable Final Terms), one of which shall be determined as if the Designated Maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next shorter than the length of the relevant Interest Period and the other of which shall be determined as if the Designated Maturity were the period of time for which rates are available next longer than the length of the relevant Interest Period provided however that if there is no rate available for a period of time next shorter or, as the case may be, next longer, then the Agent shall determine such rate at such time and by reference to such sources as it determines appropriate.

(f) Notification of Rate of Interest and Interest Amounts

The Agent will cause the Rate of Interest and each Interest Amount for each Interest Period and the relevant Interest Payment Date to be notified to the Issuer, the Trustee and any stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed and notice thereof to be published in accordance with Condition 12 as soon as possible after their determination but in no event later than the fourth London Business Day thereafter. Each Interest Amount and Interest Payment Date so notified may subsequently be amended (or appropriate alternative arrangements made by way of adjustment) without prior notice in the event of an extension or shortening of the Interest Period. Any such amendment will be promptly notified to each stock exchange on which the relevant Floating Rate Notes are for the time being listed and to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12. For the purposes of this paragraph, the expression **London Business Day** means a day (other than a Saturday or a Sunday) on which banks and foreign exchange markets are open for general business in London.

(g) Determination or Calculation by Trustee

If for any reason at any relevant time the Agent defaults in its obligation to determine the Rate of Interest or in its obligation to calculate any Interest Amount in accordance with Condition 4.2(b)(i) or Condition 3.2(b)(ii) above, as the case may be, and in each case in accordance with Condition 3.2(d) above, the Trustee shall determine the Rate of Interest at such rate as, in its absolute discretion (having such regard as it shall think fit to the foregoing provisions of this Condition, but subject always to any Minimum Rate of Interest or Maximum Rate of Interest specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement), it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances or, as the case may be, the Trustee shall calculate the Interest Amount(s) in such manner as it shall deem fair and reasonable in all the circumstances and each such determination or calculation shall be deemed to have been made by the Agent. In connection therewith the Trustee may (at the expense of

the Issuer) appoint or employ an expert to determine and/or assist in determining such Rate of Interest and/or Interest Amount(s).

(h) Certificates to be final

All certificates, communications, opinions, determinations, calculations, quotations and decisions given, expressed, made or obtained for the purposes of the provisions of this Condition 3.2 by the Agent shall (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) be binding on the Issuer, the Agent, the other Paying Agents and all Noteholders and Couponholders and (in the absence of wilful default, bad faith or manifest error) no liability to the Issuer, the Noteholders or the Couponholders shall attach to the Agent or the Trustee in connection with the exercise or non-exercise by it of its powers, duties and discretions pursuant to such provisions.

3.3 Accrual of interest

Each Note (or in the case of the redemption of part only of a Note, that part only of such Note) will cease to bear interest (if any) from the date for its redemption unless payment of principal is improperly withheld or refused. In such event, interest will continue to accrue until whichever is the earlier of:

- (a) the date on which all amounts due in respect of such Note have been paid; and
- (b) as provided in the Trust Deed.

4. PAYMENTS

4.1 Method of payment

Subject as provided below:

- (a) payments in a Specified Currency other than euro will be made by credit or transfer to an account in the relevant Specified Currency maintained by the payee with, or, at the option of the payee, by a cheque in such Specified Currency drawn on, a bank in the principal financial centre of the country of such Specified Currency (which, if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars or New Zealand dollars, shall be Sydney and Auckland, respectively); and
- (b) payments will be made in euro by credit or transfer to a euro account (or any other account to which euro may be credited or transferred) specified by the payee or, at the option of the payee, by a euro cheque.

Payments will be subject in all cases to (i) any fiscal or other laws and regulations applicable thereto in the place of payment, but without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 6 and (ii) any withholding or deduction required pursuant to an agreement described in Section 1471(b) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (the **Code**) or otherwise imposed pursuant to Sections 1471 through 1474 of the Code, any regulations or agreements thereunder, any official interpretations thereof, or (without prejudice to the provisions of Condition 6) any law implementing an intergovernmental approach thereto.

4.2 Presentation of definitive Notes and Coupons

Payments of principal in respect of definitive Notes will (subject as provided below) be made in the manner provided in Condition 4.1 above only against presentation and surrender (or, in the case of part payment of any sum due, endorsement) of definitive Notes, and payments of interest in respect of definitive Notes will (subject as provided below) be made as aforesaid only against presentation and surrender (or, in the case of part payment of any sum due, endorsement) of Coupons, in each case at the specified office of any Paying Agent outside the United States (which expression, as used

herein, means the United States of America (including the States and the District of Columbia and its possessions)).

Fixed Rate Notes in definitive form (other than Long Maturity Notes (as defined below)) should be presented for payment together with all unmaturing Coupons appertaining thereto (which expression shall for this purpose include Coupons falling to be issued on exchange of matured Talons), failing which the amount of any missing unmaturing Coupon (or, in the case of payment not being made in full, the same proportion of the amount of such missing unmaturing Coupon as the sum so paid bears to the sum due) will be deducted from the sum due for payment. Each amount of principal so deducted will be paid in the manner mentioned above against surrender of the relative missing Coupon at any time before the expiry of 10 years after the Relevant Date (as defined below) in respect of such principal (whether or not such Coupon would otherwise have become void under Condition 7) or, if later, five years from the date on which such Coupon would otherwise have become due, but in no event thereafter.

Upon any Fixed Rate Note in definitive form becoming due and repayable prior to its Maturity Date, all unmaturing Talons (if any) appertaining thereto will become void and no further Coupons will be issued in respect thereof.

Upon the date on which any Floating Rate Note or Long Maturity Note in definitive form becomes due and repayable, unmaturing Coupons and Talons (if any) relating thereto (whether or not attached) shall become void and no payment or, as the case may be, exchange for further Coupons shall be made in respect thereof. A **Long Maturity Note** is a Fixed Rate Note (other than a Fixed Rate Note which on issue had a Talon attached) whose nominal amount on issue is less than the aggregate interest payable thereon provided that such Note shall cease to be a Long Maturity Note on the Interest Payment Date on which the aggregate amount of interest remaining to be paid after that date is less than the nominal amount of such Note.

If the due date for redemption of any definitive Note is not an Interest Payment Date, interest (if any) accrued in respect of such Note from (and including) the preceding Interest Payment Date or, as the case may be, the Interest Commencement Date shall be payable only against surrender of the relevant definitive Note.

As used herein, **Relevant Date** means the date on which such payment first becomes due, except that, if the full amount of the moneys payable has not been duly received by the Agent or the Trustee on or prior to such due date, it means the date on which, the full amount of such moneys having been so received, notice to that effect is duly given to Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12.

4.3 Payments in respect of Global Notes

Payments of principal and interest (if any) in respect of Notes represented by any Global Note will (subject as provided below) be made in the manner specified above in relation to definitive Notes and otherwise in the manner specified in the relevant Global Note, where applicable against presentation or surrender, as the case may be, of such Global Note at the specified office of any Paying Agent outside the United States. A record of each payment made, distinguishing between any payment of principal and any payment of interest, will be made either on such Global Note by the Paying Agent to which it was presented or in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg, as applicable.

4.4 General provisions applicable to payments

The holder of a Global Note shall be the only person entitled to receive payments in respect of Notes represented by such Global Note and the Issuer will be discharged by payment to, or to the order of, the holder of such Global Note in respect of each amount so paid. Each of the persons shown in the records of Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg as the beneficial holder of a particular nominal amount of Notes represented by such Global Note must look solely to Euroclear or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, for his share of each payment so made by the Issuer to, or to the order of, the holder of such Global Note.

Notwithstanding the foregoing provisions of this Condition, if any amount of principal and/or interest in respect of Notes is payable in U.S. dollars, such U.S. dollar payments of principal and/or interest in respect of such Notes will be made at the specified office of a Paying Agent in the United States if:

- (a) the Issuer has appointed Paying Agents with specified offices outside the United States with the reasonable expectation that such Paying Agents would be able to make payment in U.S. dollars at such specified offices outside the United States of the full amount of principal and interest on the Notes in the manner provided above when due;
- (b) payment of the full amount of such principal and interest at all such specified offices outside the United States is illegal or effectively precluded by exchange controls or other similar restrictions on the full payment or receipt of principal and interest in U.S. dollars; and
- (c) such payment is then permitted under United States law without involving, in the opinion of the Issuer, adverse tax consequences to the Issuer.

4.5 Payment Day

If the date for payment of any amount in respect of any Note or Coupon is not a Payment Day, the holder thereof shall not be entitled to payment until the next following Payment Day in the relevant place and shall not be entitled to further interest or other payment in respect of such delay. For these purposes, **Payment Day** means any day which (subject to Condition 7) is:

- (a) a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in:
 - (i) in the case of Notes in definitive form only, the relevant place of presentation;
 - (ii) each Additional Financial Centre specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement; and
- (b) either (A) in relation to any sum payable in a Specified Currency other than euro, a day on which commercial banks and foreign exchange markets settle payments and are open for general business (including dealing in foreign exchange and foreign currency deposits) in the principal financial centre of the country of the relevant Specified Currency (which if the Specified Currency is Australian dollars or New Zealand dollars shall be Sydney and Auckland, respectively) or (B) in relation to any sum payable in euro, a day on which the TARGET2 System is open.

4.6 Interpretation of principal and interest

Any reference in the Conditions to principal in respect of the Notes shall be deemed to include, as applicable:

- (a) the Final Redemption Amount of the Notes;
- (b) the Optional Redemption Amount(s) (if any) of the Notes;
- (c) in relation to Zero Coupon Notes, the Amortised Face Amount (as defined in Condition 5.5); and
- (d) any premium and any other amounts (other than interest) which may be payable by the Issuer under or in respect of the Notes.

5. REDEMPTION AND PURCHASE

5.1 Redemption at maturity

Unless previously redeemed or purchased and cancelled as specified below, each Note will be redeemed by the Issuer at its Final Redemption Amount in the relevant Specified Currency on the

Maturity Date, each as specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement.

5.2 Redemption at the option of the Issuer (Issuer Call)

If Issuer Call is specified as being applicable in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement, the Issuer may, having given:

- (a) not less than 15 nor more than 30 days' notice to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12; and
- (b) not less than 15 days before the giving of the notice referred to in (a) above, notice to the Trustee and to the Agent,

(which notice shall be irrevocable and shall specify the date fixed for redemption), redeem all or some only of the Notes then outstanding on any Optional Redemption Date and at the Optional Redemption Amount(s) specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement together, if appropriate, with interest accrued to (but excluding) the relevant Optional Redemption Date. Any such redemption must be of a nominal amount not less than the Minimum Redemption Amount and not more than the Maximum Redemption Amount, in each case as may be specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement.

In the case of a partial redemption of Notes, the Notes to be redeemed (**Redeemed Notes**) will be selected individually by lot, in the case of Redeemed Notes represented by definitive Notes, and in accordance with the rules of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, (to be reflected in the records of Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg as either a pool factor or a reduction in nominal amount, at their discretion) in the case of Redeemed Notes represented by a Global Note, not more than 30 days prior to the date fixed for redemption (such date of selection being hereinafter called the **Selection Date**). In the case of Redeemed Notes represented by definitive Notes, a list of the serial numbers of such Redeemed Notes will be published in accordance with Condition 12 not less than 15 days prior to the date fixed for redemption. No exchange of the relevant Global Note will be permitted during the period from (and including) the Selection Date to (and including) the date fixed for redemption pursuant to this Condition 5.2 and notice to that effect shall be given by the Issuer to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12 at least five days prior to the Selection Date.

5.3 Purchases

The Issuer or any subsidiary of the Issuer may at any time purchase Notes (provided that, in the case of definitive Notes, all unmatured Coupons and Talons appertaining thereto are purchased therewith) at any price in the open market or otherwise. All Notes so purchased will be surrendered to a Paying Agent for cancellation.

5.4 Cancellation

All Notes which are redeemed will forthwith be cancelled (together with all unmatured Coupons and Talons attached thereto or surrendered therewith at the time of redemption). All Notes so cancelled and the Notes purchased and cancelled pursuant to Condition 5.3 above (together with all unmatured Coupons and Talons cancelled therewith) shall be forwarded to the Agent and cannot be reissued or resold.

5.5 Late payment on Zero Coupon Notes

If the amount payable in respect of any Zero Coupon Note upon redemption of such Zero Coupon Note pursuant to Condition 5.1 or 5.2 above is improperly withheld or refused, the amount due and repayable in respect of such Zero Coupon Note shall be an amount (the **Amortised Face Amount**) calculated in accordance with the following formula:

$$\text{Amortised Face Amount} = \text{RP} \times (1 + \text{AY})^y$$

where:

RP means the Reference Price;

AY means the Accrual Yield expressed as a decimal; and

y is the Day Count Fraction specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement which will be either:

- (i) 30/360 (in which case the numerator will be equal to the number of days (calculated on the basis of a 360-day year consisting of 12 months of 30 days each) from (and including) the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes to (but excluding) the date (the **Zero Coupon Payment Date**) which is the earlier of:
 - (a) the date on which all amounts due in respect of such Zero Coupon Note have been paid; and
 - (b) five days after the date on which the full amount of the moneys payable in respect of such Zero Coupon Notes has been received by the Agent or the Trustee and notice to that effect has been given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12,

and the denominator will be 360);

- (ii) Actual/360 (in which case the numerator will be equal to the actual number of days from (and including) the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes to (but excluding) the Zero Coupon Payment Date and the denominator will be 360); or
- (iii) Actual/365 (in which case the numerator will be equal to the actual number of days from (and including) the Issue Date of the first Tranche of the Notes to (but excluding) the Zero Coupon Payment Date and the denominator will be 365).

6. TAXATION

All payments of principal and interest in respect of the Notes and Coupons by the Issuer will be made without withholding or deduction for or on account of any present or future taxes or duties of whatever nature imposed or levied by or on behalf of any Tax Jurisdiction unless such withholding or deduction is required by law, in which case such deduction will be made by or on behalf of the Issuer.

As used herein, **Tax Jurisdiction** means the Kingdom of Sweden or any political subdivision or any authority thereof or therein having power to tax.

7. PRESCRIPTION

The Notes and Coupons will become void unless claims in respect of principal and/or interest are made within a period of 10 years (in the case of principal) and five years (in the case of interest) after the Relevant Date (as defined in Condition 4.2) therefor. Any moneys paid by the Issuer to the Agent for the payment of principal or interest in respect of the Notes and remaining unclaimed for two years after the date on which such principal or interest shall have become due shall (at the Issuer's request) be repaid by the Agent to the Issuer, and the holders of the relevant Notes or Coupons shall thereafter only look to the Issuer for any payment which such holders may be entitled to collect.

There shall not be included in any Coupon sheet issued on exchange of a Talon any Coupon the claim for payment in respect of which would be void pursuant to this Condition or Condition 4.2 or any Talon which would be void pursuant to Condition 4.2.

8. REPLACEMENT OF NOTES, COUPONS AND TALONS

Should any Note, Coupon or Talon be lost, stolen, mutilated, defaced or destroyed, it may be replaced at the specified office of the Agent upon payment by the claimant of such costs and expenses as may be incurred in connection therewith and on such terms as to evidence and indemnity as the Issuer may reasonably require. Mutilated or defaced Notes, Coupons or Talons must be surrendered before replacements will be issued.

9. PAYING AGENTS

The names of the initial Paying Agents and their initial specified offices are set out below. If any additional Paying Agents are appointed in connection with any Series, the names of such Paying Agents will be specified in Part B of the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement.

The Issuer is entitled, with the prior written approval of the Trustee, to vary or terminate the appointment of any Paying Agent and/or appoint additional or other Paying Agents and/or approve any change in the specified office through which any Paying Agent acts, provided that:

- (a) there will at all times be an Agent;
- (b) so long as the Notes are listed on any stock exchange or admitted to listing by any other relevant authority, there will at all times be a Paying Agent with a specified office in such place as may be required by the rules and regulations of the relevant stock exchange or other relevant authority;
- (c) the Issuer undertakes that it will ensure that it maintains a Paying Agent in a Member State of the European Union that will not be obliged to withhold or deduct tax pursuant to European Council Directive 2003/48/EC or any law implementing or complying with, or introduced in order to conform to, such Directive; and
- (d) there will at all times be a Paying Agent with a specified office in a city approved by the Trustee in continental Europe outside Sweden.

In addition, the Issuer shall forthwith appoint a Paying Agent having a specified office in New York City in the circumstances described in Condition 4.4. Notice of any variation, termination, appointment or change in Paying Agents will be given to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12.

In acting under the Agency Agreement, the Paying Agents act solely as agents of the Issuer and, in certain circumstances specified therein, of the Trustee and do not assume any obligation to, or relationship of agency or trust with, any Noteholders or Couponholders. The Agency Agreement contains provisions permitting any entity into which any Paying Agent is merged or converted or with which it is consolidated or to which it transfers all or substantially all of its assets to become the successor paying agent.

10. ENFORCEMENT

The Trustee may at any time, at its discretion and without notice, take such proceedings against the Issuer as it may think fit to enforce the provisions of the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons, but it shall not be bound to take any such proceedings or any other action in relation to the Trust Deed, the Notes or the Coupons unless (i) it shall have been so directed by an Extraordinary Resolution or so requested in writing by the holders of at least one-fifth in nominal amount of the Notes then outstanding and (ii) it shall have been indemnified to its satisfaction.

No Noteholder or Couponholder shall be entitled to proceed directly against the Issuer unless the Trustee, having become bound so to proceed, fails so to do within 60 days and the failure shall be continuing.

11. EXCHANGE OF TALONS

On and after the Interest Payment Date on which the final Coupon comprised in any Coupon sheet matures, the Talon (if any) forming part of such Coupon sheet may be surrendered at the specified office of the Agent

or any other Paying Agent in exchange for a further Coupon sheet including (if such further Coupon sheet does not include Coupons to (and including) the final date for the payment of interest due in respect of the Note to which it appertains) a further Talon, subject to the provisions of Condition 7.

12. NOTICES

All notices regarding the Notes will be deemed to be validly given if published in a leading English language daily newspaper of general circulation in London. It is expected that any such publication in a newspaper will be made in the *Financial Times* in London. The Issuer shall also ensure that notices are duly published in a manner which complies with the rules of any stock exchange or other relevant authority on which the Notes are for the time being listed or by which they have been admitted to trading. Any such notice will be deemed to have been given on the date of the first publication or, where required to be published in more than one newspaper, on the date of the first publication in all required newspapers. If publication as provided above is not practicable, a notice will be given in such other manner, and will be deemed to have been given on such date, as the Trustee shall approve.

Until such time as any definitive Notes are issued, there may, so long as any Global Notes representing the Notes are held in their entirety on behalf of Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, be substituted for such publication in such newspaper(s) the delivery of the relevant notice to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg for communication by them to the holders of the Notes and, in addition, for so long as any Notes are listed on a stock exchange or are admitted to trading by another relevant authority and the rules of that stock exchange or relevant authority so require, such notice will be published in a daily newspaper of general circulation in the place or places required by those rules. Any such notice shall be deemed to have been given to the holders of the Notes on the second day after the day on which the said notice was given to Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg.

Notices to be given by any Noteholder shall be in writing and given by lodging the same, together (in the case of any Note in definitive form) with the relative Note or Notes, with the Agent. Whilst any of the Notes are represented by a Global Note, such notice may be given by any holder of a Note to the Agent through Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, in such manner as the Agent and Euroclear and/or Clearstream, Luxembourg, as the case may be, may approve for this purpose.

13. MEETINGS OF NOTEHOLDERS, MODIFICATION AND WAIVER

The Trust Deed contains provisions for convening meetings of the Noteholders to consider any matter affecting their interests, including the sanctioning by Extraordinary Resolution of a modification of the Notes, the Coupons or any of the provisions of the Trust Deed. Such a meeting may be convened by the Issuer or the Trustee and shall be convened by the Issuer if required in writing by Noteholders holding not less than five per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being remaining outstanding. The quorum at any such meeting for passing an Extraordinary Resolution is one or more persons holding or representing more than 50 per cent. in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding, or at any adjourned meeting one or more persons being or representing Noteholders whatever the nominal amount of the Notes so held or represented, except that at any meeting the business of which includes the modification of certain provisions of the Notes or the Coupons or the Trust Deed (including modifying the date of maturity of the Notes or any date for payment of interest thereon, reducing or cancelling the amount of principal or the rate of interest payable in respect of the Notes or altering the currency of payment of the Notes or the Coupons), the quorum shall be one or more persons holding or representing not less than two-thirds in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding, or at any adjourned such meeting one or more persons holding or representing not less than one-third in nominal amount of the Notes for the time being outstanding. An Extraordinary Resolution passed at any meeting of the Noteholders shall be binding on all the Noteholders, whether or not they are present at the meeting, and on all Couponholders.

The Trustee may agree, without the consent of the Noteholders or Couponholders, to any modification of, or to the waiver or authorisation of any breach or proposed breach of, any of the provisions of the Notes or the Trust Deed, where, in any such case, it is not, in the opinion of the Trustee, materially prejudicial to the interests of the Noteholders so to do or may agree, without any such consent as aforesaid, to any modification

which is of a formal, minor or technical nature or to correct a manifest error or an error which, in the opinion of the Trustee, is proven. Any such modification, waiver or authorisation shall be binding on the Noteholders and the Couponholders and shall be notified to the Noteholders in accordance with Condition 12 as soon as practicable thereafter.

In connection with the exercise by it of any of its trusts, powers, authorities and discretions (including, without limitation, any modification, waiver, authorisation or determination), the Trustee shall have regard to the general interests of the Noteholders as a class (but shall not have regard to any interests arising from circumstances particular to individual Noteholders or Couponholders whatever their number) and, in particular but without limitation, shall not have regard to the consequences of any such exercise for individual Noteholders or Couponholders (whatever their number) resulting from their being for any purpose domiciled or resident in, or otherwise connected with, or subject to the jurisdiction of, any particular territory or any political sub-division thereof and the Trustee shall not be entitled to require, nor shall any Noteholder or Couponholder be entitled to claim, from the Issuer, the Trustee or any other person any indemnification or payment in respect of any tax consequences of any such exercise upon individual Noteholders or Couponholders.

14. INDEMNIFICATION OF THE TRUSTEE AND TRUSTEE CONTRACTING WITH THE ISSUER

The Trust Deed contains provisions for the indemnification of the Trustee and for its relief from responsibility, including provisions relieving it from taking action unless indemnified and/or secured to its satisfaction.

The Trust Deed also contains provisions pursuant to which the Trustee is entitled, *inter alia*, (a) to enter into business transactions with the Issuer and/or any of its subsidiaries and to act as trustee for the holders of any other securities issued or guaranteed by, or relating to, the Issuer and/or any of its subsidiaries, (b) to exercise and enforce its rights, comply with its obligations and perform its duties under or in relation to any such transactions or, as the case may be, any such trusteeship without regard to the interests of, or consequences for, the Noteholders or Couponholders and (c) to retain and not be liable to account for any profit made or any other amount or benefit received thereby or in connection therewith.

15. FURTHER ISSUES

The Issuer shall be at liberty from time to time without the consent of the Noteholders or the Couponholders to create and issue further notes having terms and conditions the same as the Notes or the same in all respects save for the amount and date of the first payment of interest thereon and so that the same shall be consolidated and form a single Series with the outstanding Notes.

16. CONTRACTS (RIGHTS OF THIRD PARTIES) ACT 1999

No person shall have any right to enforce any term or condition of this Note under the Contracts (Rights of Third Parties) Act 1999, but this does not affect any right or remedy of any person which exists or is available apart from that Act.

17. GOVERNING LAW AND SUBMISSION TO JURISDICTION

17.1 Governing law

The Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement, the Notes (except for Condition 2), the Coupons and any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with any of them, are governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, English law. Condition 2 is governed by, and shall be construed in accordance with, the laws of the Kingdom of Sweden.

17.2 Submission to jurisdiction

The Issuer irrevocably agrees, for the benefit of the Trustee, the Noteholders and the Couponholders, that the courts of England are to have exclusive jurisdiction to settle any disputes which may arise out of or in connection with the Trust Deed, the Notes and/or the Coupons (including a dispute relating to any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with any of them) and accordingly submits to the exclusive jurisdiction of the English courts.

The Issuer waives any objection to the courts of England on the grounds that they are an inconvenient or inappropriate forum. To the extent allowed by law, the Trustee, the Noteholders and the Couponholders, may take any suit, action or proceedings (together referred to as **Proceedings**) arising out of or in connection with the Trust Deed, the Notes and the Coupons (including any Proceedings relating to any non-contractual obligations arising out of or in connection with any of them), against the Issuer in any other court of competent jurisdiction and concurrent Proceedings in any number of jurisdictions.

17.3 Appointment of Process Agent

The Issuer has appointed Svenska Handelsbanken AB (publ) at its registered office for the time being at 3 Thomas More Square, London E1W 1WY, United Kingdom as its agent for service of process, and undertakes that, in the event of Svenska Handelsbanken AB (publ) ceasing so to act or ceasing to be registered in England, it will appoint another person approved by the Trustee as its agent for service of process in England in respect of any Proceedings. Nothing herein shall affect the right to serve proceedings in any other manner permitted by law.

17.4 Other documents

The Issuer has in the Trust Deed and the Agency Agreement submitted to the jurisdiction of the English courts and appointed an agent for service of process in terms substantially similar to those set out above.

OVERVIEW OF THE SWEDISH LEGISLATION REGARDING COVERED BONDS

The following is a brief summary of certain features of the Covered Bonds Issuance Act as of the date of this Offering Circular. The summary does not purport to be, and is not, a complete description of all aspects of the Swedish legislative and regulatory framework for covered bonds. Please also refer to the section “Risk Factors”, sub-section “Risks related to Notes generally”, on pages 15 to 18 above.

Introduction

The Covered Bonds Issuance Act entered into force on 1 July 2004. It enables Swedish banks and credit market companies (**Institutions**), which have been granted a specific licence by the SFSA to issue full-recourse debt instruments secured by a pool of mortgage credits and/or public sector credits.

The SFSA has issued regulations and recommendations under the authority conferred on it by the Covered Bonds Issuance Act (*Sw. Finansinspektionens föreskrifter och allmänna råd om säkerställda obligationer (FFFS 2013:01)*) (the **SFSA Regulations**). As of 1 July 2013, the SFSA Regulations replaced the previous version of the SFSA Regulations (*FFFS 2004:11*). The new regulations uphold most of the regulations contained in the previous version, but also establish new rules and provide some clarification of existing rules. The changes to the previous regulations and guidelines include:

- amendments pertaining to the issuing institutions’ revaluation of collateral for loans included in the cover pool, with some revaluations permitted under limited circumstances;
- the introduction of price change sensitivity analysis for properties serving as collateral for mortgage loans in the cover pool;
- regulation of counterparties in derivative agreements; and
- additional guidelines for independent monitors, such as procedures for reviewing the revaluations of the underlying collateral and a recognition of a risk-based approach for inspections.

Swedish covered bonds may take the form of bonds and other comparable debt instruments, such as commercial paper.

In the event of an Institution’s bankruptcy, holders of covered bonds (and certain eligible counterparties to derivative contracts entered into for the purpose of matching the financial terms of the assets in a Cover Pool with those of the covered bonds relating to it) benefit from a priority right in the relevant Cover Pool. The Covered Bonds Issuance Act further enables such holders (and derivative counterparties) to continue to receive timely payments also following the Institution’s bankruptcy, subject to certain conditions being met.

The Cover Pools are dynamic in the sense that an Institution may supplement or substitute assets in a Cover Pool at any time.

Registration

Information in respect of each Cover Pool, its assets, relevant derivative contracts and covered bonds for which such Cover Pool has been used for collateralisation must be entered into a separate register (the **Register**), which is maintained by the Institution. The actual registration of the covered bonds, the assets and relevant derivative contracts in such Register is necessary to confer the priority right in a Cover Pool. Further, only assets entered into the Register form part of a Cover Pool.

At all times the Register must show the nominal value of the covered bonds, the relevant Cover Pool and the relevant derivative contracts. As a result, the Register requires regular updating, including without limitation due to changes in interest rates, interest periods, outstanding debt and the composition of the relevant Cover Pool. The value of the underlying collateral securing mortgage credits in such Cover Pool must also be entered into the Register.

Stadshypotek will keep a separate Register for the Swedish Cover Pool and the Norwegian Cover Pool respectively.

Eligibility criteria for assets in the Cover Pools

The Cover Pools may consist of certain mortgage credits, public credits and supplemental assets.

Mortgage credits are defined as loans secured by (i) mortgages over real property (*Sw. fastigheter*) intended for residential, agricultural, office or commercial purposes or site leasehold rights (*Sw. tomträtter*) intended for residential, office or commercial purposes, (ii) pledges over tenant-owner rights (*Sw. bostadsrätter*), or (iii) comparable security interests over equivalent assets situated in other countries within the European Economic Area.

Public credits are defined as certain loans to (or guaranteed by) *inter alia* the Swedish State, Swedish municipalities and comparable public bodies, the European Union, the European Atomic Energy Community, certain foreign states and central banks and certain foreign municipalities and comparable public bodies with powers of taxation.

Supplemental assets consist primarily of government bonds and cash, although the SFSA may also authorise the use of certain debt instruments issued by credit institutions and other bodies as supplemental assets.

Loan-to-value ratios and certain other restrictions

For mortgage credits, there is a maximum loan amount which may be included in a Cover Pool, depending on the value of the underlying collateral:

1. For residential collateral, a loan may be included in a Cover Pool only to the extent the loan amount does not exceed 75 per cent. of the market value of the collateral.
2. For agricultural collateral, a loan may be included in a Cover Pool only to the extent the loan amount does not exceed 70 per cent. of the market value of the collateral.
3. For office or commercial collateral, a loan may be included in a Cover Pool only to the extent the loan amount does not exceed 60 per cent. of the market value of the collateral.

Should a loan exceed the relevant ratio, only the part of the loan that falls within the permitted limit may be included in a Cover Pool (a **Partly Eligible Loan**). The Covered Bonds Issuance Act does not explicitly regulate how proceeds in respect of a Partly Eligible Loan shall be distributed between the eligible and the non-eligible parts of the loan.

The most likely interpretation is that interest payments shall be allocated pro rata between the eligible and non-eligible parts of the loan and that amortisations shall be applied first towards the non-eligible part of the loan (absent enforcement of the security over the underlying collateral). However, proceeds from enforcement of the security should most likely be applied first towards the eligible part of the loan.

A similar situation arises if, for example, the same mortgage security serves as first-ranking security for two (or more) loans granted by an Institution and only one of these loans is included in a Cover Pool. The Covered Bonds Issuance Act does not give clear guidance as to how proceeds shall be allocated between the two loans in case of the Institution's bankruptcy. The lack of guidance may give room for unsecured creditors of the Institution to argue that only a *pro rata* portion of such proceeds shall be allocated to the loan included in a Cover Pool.

The Covered Bonds Issuance Act restricts the overall proportion of loans provided against security over real property (or site leasehold rights or tenant-owner rights) intended for office or commercial purposes to 10 per cent. of an Institution's Cover Pool.

Furthermore, the proportion of supplemental assets may not exceed 20 per cent. of a Cover Pool, although the SFSA has the authority to raise this limit to 30 per cent. for a limited period in special circumstances.

Institutions are required to regularly monitor the market value of the mortgage assets that serve as collateral for loans included in a Cover Pool. If the market value of such a mortgage asset declines significantly (15 per cent. or more according to the preparatory works to the Covered Bonds Issuance Act), then only such

part of the loan that falls within the permitted loan-to-value ratio will be eligible for inclusion in such Cover Pool and will be subject to the priority right described below. However, a decline in the market value following an Institution's bankruptcy would not result in a reduction of the assets in which holders of covered bonds (and relevant derivative counterparties) have a priority right, but could result in a Cover Pool ceasing to meet the matching requirements. Hence, Institutions are required to revalue assets that serve as collateral for loans included in a Cover Pool if the market value for such assets declines significantly, and may also choose to revalue such assets in certain circumstances when there has not been a significant decline in market value.

In addition to the requirement to regularly monitor the market value of the mortgage assets that serve as collateral for loans included in a Cover Pool, Institutions are also required to regularly (at least once a year) test and analyse how future fluctuations in market values may affect loan-to-value ratios and the value of such assets.

Matching requirements

The Covered Bonds Issuance Act prescribes that the nominal value of a Cover Pool shall at all times exceed the aggregate nominal value of claims that may be asserted against an Institution by reference to covered bonds. The calculation shall be made on the basis of current book values and shall take into account the effect of relevant derivative contracts.

Furthermore, an Institution must compose a Cover Pool in such a way as to ensure a sound balance between the covered bonds and the assets in the Cover Pool in terms of currencies, interest rates and interest fixation periods. Such sound balance is deemed to exist when the present value of a Cover Pool at all times exceeds the present value of the liabilities relating to covered bonds. The present value of derivative contracts shall be taken into account for the purposes of such calculation. The calculations of present value shall withstand certain stress tests (changes in interest rates and/or currency exchange rates).

The payment flows relating to the assets in a Cover Pool, derivative contracts and covered bonds shall be such that an Institution is at all times able to meet its payment obligations towards holders of covered bonds and relevant derivative counterparties.

Non-performing assets in a Cover Pool which are more than 60 days overdue must be disregarded for the purposes of the matching tests.

Supervision by the SFSA and the independent monitor

The SFSA monitors that an Institution complies with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and other provisions of the legislative and regulatory framework which regulates the business of the Institution. In addition, the SFSA appoints an independent monitor (*Sw. oberoende granskare*) for each Institution that issues covered bonds.

The independent monitor is responsible for monitoring a Register to assess whether or not it is being maintained correctly and in compliance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and the SFSA Regulations. In particular, the independent monitor shall verify that (i) covered bonds and relevant derivative contracts are registered in a Register, (ii) only loans and supplemental assets that satisfy the eligibility criteria are included in a Cover Pool and registered in a Register, (iii) the valuations of the underlying collateral for loans in a Cover Pool are in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and the SFSA Regulations, (iv) mortgage loans the underlying collateral of which has decreased significantly in value are, for the purpose of the matching requirements, deducted from a Cover Pool to the extent necessary to comply with the relevant loan-to-value ratio and (v) the matching requirements are complied with. The independent monitor is also responsible for monitoring any revaluations of underlying collateral conducted by the Institution during the outstanding year. The monitoring by the independent monitor shall be risk based.

The independent monitor is entitled to request information from the Institution, conduct site visits and is required to report regularly, and at least once a year, to the SFSA. The Covered Bonds Issuance Act does not provide for any change to the independent monitor's remit upon the bankruptcy of an Institution.

Benefit of a priority right in Cover Pools

Pursuant to the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and the Swedish Rights of Priority Act, holders of covered bonds benefit from a priority right in the relevant Cover Pool should the Institution be declared bankrupt (*Sw. försatt i konkurs*). The same priority is awarded to the Institution's eligible counterparties to derivative contracts entered into for the purpose of matching the financial terms of the assets in a Cover Pool with those of the covered bonds relating to it. Such derivative counterparties and the holders of covered bonds rank *pari passu* with joint seniority in relation to the relevant Cover Pool.

By virtue of the aforementioned priority, holders of covered bonds and relevant derivative counterparties rank ahead of unsecured creditors and all other creditors of the Institution in respect of assets in a Cover Pool (except the administrator-in-bankruptcy as regards fees for his administration of assets in a Cover Pool and costs for such administration). The priority right also covers cash received by an Institution and deriving from a Cover Pool or relevant derivative contracts, provided that certain administrative procedures have been complied with.

Due to what is generally regarded as an oversight by the legislator, there is some uncertainty as to whether a creditor that obtains execution (*Sw. utmätning*) against an asset in a Cover Pool earlier than three months before an Institution's bankruptcy could defeat the priority afforded to holders of covered bonds and derivative counterparties as regards such asset. However, an execution that is levied less than three months before the Institution is being declared bankrupt will typically not defeat the priority.

Administration of the Cover Pools in the event of bankruptcy

Should an Institution be declared bankrupt, at least one administrator-in-bankruptcy would be appointed by the bankruptcy court and one administrator-in-bankruptcy would be appointed by the SFSA. The administrators-in-bankruptcy would take over the administration of the bankruptcy estate, including the Cover Pools.

Provided that (and as long as) a Cover Pool meets the requirements of the Covered Bonds Issuance Act (including the matching requirements), the assets in such Cover Pool, the covered bonds and any relevant derivative contracts relating to it that have been entered into the Register are required to be maintained as a unit and kept segregated from other assets and liabilities of the bankruptcy estate of the Institution. The administrators-in-bankruptcy are in such case required to procure the continued timely service of payments due under such covered bonds and any relevant derivative contracts. Consequently, the bankruptcy would not as such result in early repayment or suspension of payments to holders of such covered bonds or to derivative counterparties, so long as the relevant Cover Pool continues to meet the requirements of the Covered Bonds Issuance Act.

Upon an Institution's bankruptcy, neither the Institution nor its bankruptcy estate would have the ability to issue further covered bonds. However, following a recent amendment, the Covered Bonds Issuance Act gives the bankruptcy administrator an explicit mandate to take out additional loans and enter into derivative and similar agreements for the purpose of achieving a balance between the financial terms and conditions of the assets in the cover pool and derivative agreements entered into, on the one hand, and the obligations of the issuing institution pursuant to the covered bonds and derivative agreements, on the other hand. Counterparties in such agreements will rank senior to existing covered bondholders and derivative counterparties with respect to the assets in the cover pool. The bankruptcy administrator may also increase liquidity, for example by selling assets in the cover pool in the market.

If a Cover Pool ceases to meet the requirements of the Covered Bonds Issuance Act, and the deviations are not just temporary and minor, such Cover Pool may no longer be maintained as a unit and the continuous payment under the terms and conditions of the covered bonds and derivative contracts will cease. The holders of covered bonds and derivative counterparties relating to it would in such case instead benefit from a priority right in the proceeds of a sale of the assets in such Cover Pool in accordance with general bankruptcy rules. This could result in the holders of covered bonds relating to it receiving payment according to a schedule that is different from that contemplated by the terms and conditions of such covered bonds (with accelerations as well as delays) or that the holders of such covered bonds are not paid in full. However, the

holders of such covered bonds and derivative counterparties would retain the benefit of the right of priority in the assets comprising such Cover Pool. Any residual claims of the holders of covered bonds and derivative counterparties remain valid claims against the Institution, but will rank *pari passu* with other unsecured and unsubordinated creditors of the Institution.

USE OF PROCEEDS

The net proceeds from each issue of Notes will be applied by the Issuer for general corporate purposes.

DESCRIPTION OF THE ISSUER

Stadshypotek was incorporated on 23 December 1992 for an unlimited period as a public credit market limited liability company under the laws of Sweden and was registered with the Municipality of Stockholm under registration number 556459-6715. The registered office of Stadshypotek is Torsgatan 12, SE-103 70 Stockholm, Sweden (telephone number: +46 8 701 54 00). Since 1997, Stadshypotek has been a wholly-owned subsidiary of Handelsbanken and its business is focused primarily on the financing of residential, office and real estate in Sweden.

Handelsbanken and its consolidated subsidiaries constitute a full-service bank which provides a wide range of services, both domestically and internationally, for private and corporate customers, including deposit-taking, lending, property mortgages, payment facilities, investment banking, factoring, leasing and life insurance. The full-service bank concept is marketed and supported through Handelsbanken's network of branch offices, with each branch responsible for coordinating customer services in collaboration with regional and central specialists, as necessary. Handelsbanken has a decentralised business model and branch offices are given delegated responsibility for marketing, customer contact, pricing and administration of all mortgage lending, which in Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland is mainly done through Stadshypotek. Handelsbanken therefore acts as Stadshypotek's agent in originating business and has the responsibility for ensuring that credit assessments and collateral valuations are made in accordance with the SFSA's regulations and the guidelines adopted by Stadshypotek's Board of Directors.

On 13 March 2006, Stadshypotek was granted authorisation by the SFSA to issue covered bonds in accordance with the Covered Bonds Issuance Act. A Cover Pool consists mainly of mortgage loans, public assets and certain qualified supplementary security. An issuer can create several Cover Pools, where the holder of a covered bond has a priority right in the Cover Pool which is used to collateralise that particular issue of covered bonds. Currently, Stadshypotek has two Cover Pools, the Swedish Cover Pool which includes Swedish loans and mortgages and other assets eligible under the Covered Bonds Issuance Act and the Norwegian Cover Pool which includes Norwegian loans and mortgages and other assets eligible under the Covered Bonds Issuance Act. The applicable Final Terms will specify whether the Notes have a statutory preference right over the Swedish Cover Pool or the Norwegian Cover Pool. In addition, Stadshypotek's counterparties under certain derivative contracts are also entitled to rights of priority in relation to a Cover Pool, as applicable. In addition to what is required by law, Stadshypotek has committed to maintain a 10% overcollateralisation in each Cover Pool.

See "*Overview of the Swedish Legislation regarding Covered Bonds*" for further details.

Stadshypotek's Lending Policies and Loan Portfolio

The guidelines adopted by Stadshypotek's Board of Directors with respect to lending policies and procedures cover the following principal areas:

- *Collateral and loan to value ratios:* Multi-family, commercial and tenanted properties or farms as well as housing co-operative apartments and second homes have a lower loan to value ratio than do single-family houses in locations with a stable housing market. Loans to governments, municipalities, banks and insurance companies from within the EU may be made on an unsecured basis. The valuation of the property is either conducted by the Handelsbanken group's branch managers, the Handelsbanken group's own internal evaluators or a professional third-party evaluator.
- *Credit limits:* There are limits on the loan amounts that can be granted by a Handelsbanken branch office. For loans that exceed such limits, the credit decision is made by Stadshypotek's credit committee or Stadshypotek's Board of Directors. There are special procedures in place for granting credits to senior employees.
- *Impaired loans:* While impaired loans are initially handled by Handelsbanken on behalf of Stadshypotek, restructurings of loans need to be approved by Stadshypotek, as do sales of collateral with a value above a certain threshold.

In 2012 Stadshypotek increased its total loan portfolio by SEK 47,271 million (SEK 85,074 million in 2011), mainly reflecting the continued strong growth in the Swedish market.

Lending to the private market increased by SEK 25,353 million (SEK 57,150 million in 2011), while corporate lending increased by SEK 21,916 million (SEK 27,924 million in 2011) consisting mainly of credits that were transferred from Handelsbanken and credits to municipalities and municipal companies.

Loan Portfolio

The following table shows details of Stadshypotek's loan portfolio as at the dates indicated:

Loans to the public by type of collateral	As at 31 December (SEK m)		
	2012	2011	Change
Single-family housing	460,345	439,358	20,987
Housing co-operative apartments	134,870	130,982	3,888
Owner-occupied apartments	11,803	11,325	478
Private Market	607,018	581,665	25,353
Multi-family housing	220,777	203,788	16,989
Offices and commercial buildings	63,409	58,482	4,927
Corporate market	284,186	262,270	21,916
Total loans to the public, before collective provisions	891,204	843,935	47,269
Collective provisions.....	(4)	(6)	2
Total loans to the public	891,200	843,929	47,271

Stadshypotek's business consists of property financing, primarily residential property. Industrial and warehouse properties are not financed by Stadshypotek. The borrower base in Sweden is distributed throughout the country with a concentration in urban areas. Categories of borrowers vary from individual households to large property companies. At 31 December 2012, single-family houses, housing co-operative apartments and owner occupied apartments made up 68.1 per cent. (68.9 per cent. in 2011) of the loan portfolio, with multi-family housing accounting for 24.8 per cent. (24.2 per cent. in 2011), and offices and commercial property 7.1 per cent. (6.9 per cent. in 2011).

A breakdown of loan volumes by borrower category is given in the following table:

Loans to the public by borrower category	As at 31 December (SEK m)		
	2012	2011	Change
Households	632,225	604,972	27,253
Public sector, municipal companies	26,237	25,706	531
Housing co-operative associations	117,815	110,515	7,300
Other legal entities	114,927	102,742	12,185
Total loans to the public, before collective provisions	891,204	843,935	47,269
Collective provisions.....	(4)	(6)	2
Total loans to the public	891,200	843,929	47,271

In 2012, Stadshypotek retained its position as a leading player in the Swedish corporate market. As of 31 December 2012, Stadshypotek had a market share of approximately 24.2 per cent. of the mortgage loans to the private market and approximately 36.8 per cent. of the mortgage loans to the multi-family dwellings portion of the corporate market in Sweden. According to Statistics Sweden's guidelines, the private market comprises total lending to Swedish households with single-family homes or co-operative apartments as security, which also includes loans with LTVs in excess of Stadshypotek's permitted LTVs and which, where

applicable, are included in the loan portfolio of Stadshypotek's parent company, Handelsbanken. The market share therefore includes Handelsbanken's lending to Swedish households with security in single-family homes or co-operative apartments.

Loan Losses, Non-performing Loans and Impaired Loans

Stadshypotek strives to maintain a high quality loan portfolio and places a priority on credit quality rather than loan volume. Credit quality is mainly maintained through continued strong focus on the principles that govern lending in the Handelsbanken group. These include individual assessment of each customer, which leads to an understanding of the customer's repayment capacity and possibilities of meeting his or her loan obligations. Local presence through the branch offices of Handelsbanken is a vital element in the credit approval process and creates a firm basis to assess continually the ability of the Issuer's customers to meet their loan obligations. It also enables rapid identification of any problems among borrowers, and measures to minimise the effects of such problems can then be implemented at an early stage.

Net loan losses had a negative impact of SEK 21 million in 2012 (a positive impact of SEK 12 million in 2011) on profits, which corresponds to a loan loss ratio of 0.00 per cent. (-0.00 per cent. in 2011) of total lending. The largest loan loss attributable to a single customer or customer category was SEK 3.4 million in 2012 (SEK 3 million in 2011). The ten largest loan losses totalled SEK 15 million in 2012 (SEK 14 million in 2011).

Details of net loan losses are shown in the following table (amounts refer to both the group and the parent company):

	<u>2012</u>	<u>2011</u>
	<i>(SEK m)</i>	<i>(SEK m)</i>
Specific provision for individually assessed loans		
The year's provision	(28)	(16)
Reversals of previous provisions	3	7
Total	<u>(25)</u>	<u>(9)</u>
Collective provisions		
Collective provisions for individually assessed loans	2	0
Write-offs		
Actual loan losses for the year	(56)	(31)
Utilised share of previous provisions	18	7
Reversal of actual loan losses in previous years	40	45
Total	<u>2</u>	<u>21</u>
Net loan losses	<u>(21)</u>	<u>12</u>

Stadshypotek classifies a loan as an impaired loan when objective evidence indicates that payments in respect of the loan are unlikely to be made according to the conditions of the loan agreement. A loan is not classified as an impaired loan if there is sufficient collateral to cover the principal amount and interest and penalties for late payments by a satisfactory margin. Stadshypotek classifies a loan as a non-performing loan where principal or interest has been overdue for more than 60 days. As at 31 December 2012, Stadshypotek's impaired loans before deduction of the provision for probable loan losses amounted to SEK 141 million (SEK 110 million as at 31 December 2011). These impaired loans included non-performing loans of SEK 94 million (SEK 57 million as at 31 December 2011) and SEK 47 million (SEK 53 million as at 31 December 2011) in loans on which the borrowers pay interest and amortisation, but which are nevertheless considered impaired due to uncertainty regarding the borrowers' repayment capacity and the value of the collateral.

After deduction for specific provisions totalling SEK -50 million (SEK -44 million as at 31 December 2011) and collective provisions for individually assessed loans of SEK -4 million for probable loan losses (SEK

–6 million as at 31 December 2011), impaired loans totalled SEK 87 million (SEK 60 million as at 31 December 2011).

There were also non-performing loans of SEK 1,008 million as at 31 December 2012 (SEK 906 million as at 31 December 2011) that are not classified as impaired loans.

The following table provides information as to impaired loans by borrower as at the dates indicated:

	As at 31 December (SEK m)					
	2012			2011		
	Impaired loans	Provision for probable losses	Net impaired loans	Impaired loans	Provision for probable losses	Net impaired loans
Households.....	100	(33)	67	63	(22)	41
Public sector, municipal companies.....	–	–	–	–	–	–
Housing co-operative associations	29	(12)	17	35	(14)	21
Other legal entities	12	(5)	7	12	(8)	4
Total before collective provisions	141	(50)	91	110	(44)	66
Collective Provisions	–	(4)	(4)	–	(6)	(6)
Total.....	141	(54)	87	110	(50)	60

The reserved amount for probable loan losses in the tables showing impaired loans consists of a specific provision for individually assessed loans.

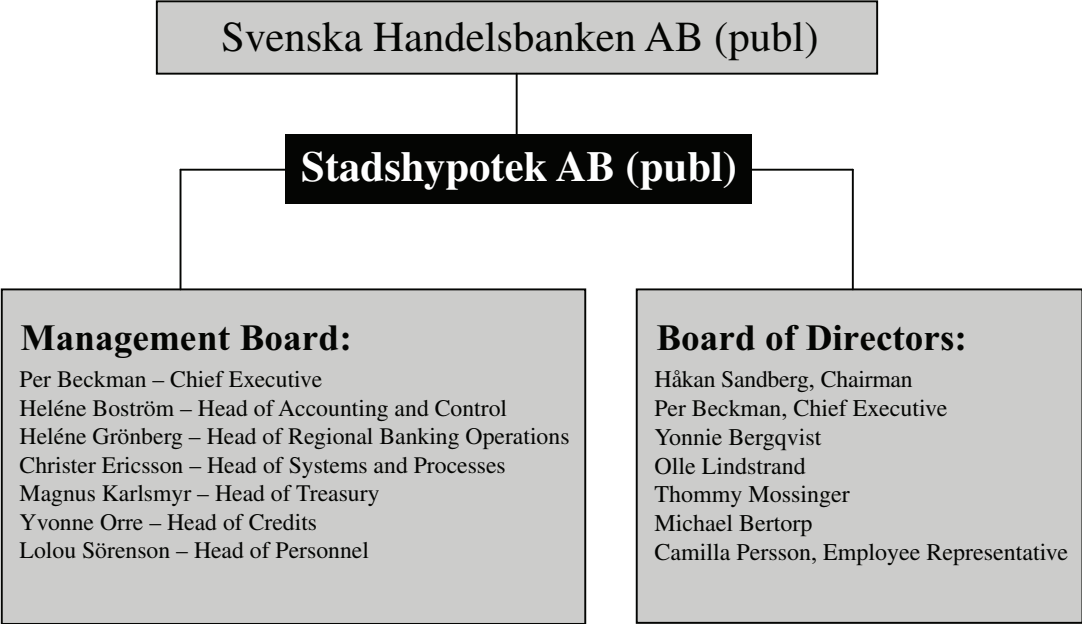
The following table provides information as to non-performing loans by borrower as at the dates indicated:

	As at 31 December (SEK m)			
	2012		2011	
	Non-performing loans which are not impaired loans	Non-performing loans which are included in impaired loans	Non-performing loans which are not impaired loans	Non-performing loans which are included in impaired loans
Households	950	83	770	48
Public sector, municipal companies	–	–	–	–
Housing co-operative associations	3	–	5	–
Other legal entities	55	11	131	9
Total	1,008	94	906	57

Organisational Structure and Management

The Stadshypotek Group consists of the parent company, Stadshypotek, and its wholly owned subsidiary, Svenska Intecknings Garanti AB Sigab (a dormant company). Stadshypotek is responsible for Handelsbanken’s mortgage lending business in Sweden, Norway, Denmark and Finland.

Stadshypotek’s treasury function is integrated with Handelsbanken’s treasury department, but under the control of Stadshypotek’s Board of Directors. The following chart shows Stadshypotek’s organisational structure:



Overall responsibility for the administration of Stadshypotek is vested in the Board of Directors. Sweden’s Banking and Financing Activities Act requires a credit market company to have a Board of Directors consisting of not less than three members. Stadshypotek’s Board of Directors consists of the following six elected members:

Håkan Sandberg, Executive Vice President of Handelsbanken, Chairman of the Board of Directors since 2006, Member of the Board since 2002.

Per Beckman, Chief Executive of Stadshypotek, Member of the Board of Directors since 2011.

Yonnie Bergqvist, Executive Vice President of Handelsbanken, Member of the Board of Directors since 2006.

Olle Lindstrand, Senior Vice President of Handelsbanken, Member of the Board of Directors since 2006.

Thommy Mossinger, Executive Vice President of Handelsbanken, Member of the Board of Directors since 2011.

Michael Bertorp, Member of the Board of Directors since 2013.

Camilla Persson, Employee Representative, Member of the Board of Directors since 2011.

Day to day management of Stadshypotek's activities is vested in its Management Board which consists of the following seven members:

Per Beckman, Chief Executive, employed since 2011.

Heléne Boström, Head of Accounting and Control, employed since 2006.

Heléne Grönberg, Head of Regional Banking Operations, employed since 2012.

Christer Ericsson, Head of Systems and Processes, employed since 2006.

Magnus Karlsmyr, Head of Treasury, employed by Handelsbanken.

Yvonne Orre, Head of Credits, employed since 2007.

Lolou Sörenson, Head of Personnel, employed by Handelsbanken.

The business address of each of the members of Stadshypotek's Board of Directors and Management Board is Stadshypotek's registered office, Torsgatan 12, SE-103 70 Stockholm, Sweden. None of them have any commitments or assignments outside of the Handelsbanken group that affect the interests of Stadshypotek.

Conflicts of interest may arise between the above-mentioned persons' private interests and Stadshypotek's interests in connection with the taking up and granting of loans, transactions in financial instruments or other engagements such persons may have. In order to avoid such conflicts of interest as far as possible and to indicate the manner in which the individual should act in the event a conflict of interest should arise, Stadshypotek's Board of Directors adopted a policy for conflicts of interest and measures against bribery and improper influence and there are a number of guidelines adopted by the parent company, Handelsbanken, such as ethical guidelines, guidelines for employees' engagements outside the bank and rules regarding securities and currency transactions by employees apply that also to Stadshypotek. The provisions of the Swedish Companies Act (*Sw. Aktieföretagslagen (2005:551)*), regarding *inter alia* conflicts of interest, apply to members of the Board of Directors. There are no potential conflicts of interest between the duties to Stadshypotek of each of (i) the members of the Board of Directors and (ii) the Management Board listed above and his/her private interests or other duties.

Regulatory Environment

For more than a century, banking in Sweden has been subject to close government inspection and control. This inspection and control is presently exercised by the SFSA. The SFSA has regulatory powers conferred by law, including the power to make accounting regulations and to require banks to submit monthly financial statements and a variety of risk reports and to carry out periodic reviews to ensure that each bank's operations comply with the laws regulating banking operations as well as such bank's Articles of Association. The SFSA may appoint one or more auditors who, together with the auditors elected by the shareholders at the annual general meeting of each bank, examine the financial statements and administration of such bank. The SFSA has chosen not to appoint such an auditor with respect to Stadshypotek since the fiscal year ended 31 December 2006.

Capital Adequacy

In 2007, the Act on Capital Adequacy and Large Exposures (*Sw. lag (2006:1371) om kapitäläckning och stora exponeringar*) was adopted to implement the Capital Requirements Directive (**CRD**) and the Basel II Requirements. The new regulatory regime entails major changes in how a credit institution's capital requirements are to be calculated and how a satisfactory capital base is to be ensured. The Act has subsequently been amended to implement the revisions to the CRD, Directive 2009/111 (CRD II) and Directive 2010/76 (**CRD III**). CRD III was fully implemented by 31 December 2011. The original Act on Capital Adequacy and Large Exposures included transitional rules, e.g. establishing a floor for the capital requirements under Basel II rules. The transitional rules were intended to expire after 2009 but were subsequently extended to 2011. In June 2011, however, the transitional rules were amended and from 30 June

2011 up until and including such date decided by the Swedish Government, the capital requirements may not be lower than 80% of the capital requirements under Basel I rules.

On 27 June 2013, a revised European capital adequacy and liquidity framework based on the Basel III accord was officially published. The new framework includes one directive, 2013/36/EU (**CRD IV**), which must be transposed into national law, and one regulation, (EU) No 575/2013 (**CRR**), which is directly applicable in all member states. The changes to the capital adequacy framework include stricter minimum capital requirements for the components in the capital base with the highest quality, i.e. Common Equity Tier 1 “CET1” capital and Tier 1 capital. In addition to the minimum capital requirements, new buffer requirements are also introduced: (i) a capital conservation buffer, to be built up during good times to prevent banks from breaching capital requirements during difficult periods, and (ii) a countercyclical buffer that will vary in size over the business cycle in order to counteract excessive credit growth. The framework also includes buffer requirements for systemically important institutions and a possibility to impose additional buffer requirements nationally for systemic risks. Breach of the combined buffer requirement will result in restrictions on certain capital distributions from the bank, e.g. dividend and coupon payments on CET1 and Tier 1 capital instruments. The new requirements are to be applied from 1 January 2014. It is, however, likely that the implementation of the directive into national Swedish law may be delayed until mid-2014. The above mentioned Basel I transitional floors have been extended by the CRR until 31 December 2017, but may be waived by national supervisory authorities under certain conditions.

In late 2011, the Swedish government, the SFSA and the Riksbank (the Swedish central bank) published their views on how the new framework should be implemented in Sweden. It is therefore likely that the Swedish implementation of the framework will make use of one or more of the additional buffer requirements that can be introduced nationally according to CRD IV and CRR.

In addition to the proposed changes in capital requirements, the SFSA has introduced a floor of 15 per cent. on the average risk weight for Swedish mortgage loans. This is part of the overall capital assessment in the framework of the Authority’s supervision under the framework of the SFSA’s review process (referred to as **Pillar 2**). The proposal means that banks must hold additional buffer capital for Swedish mortgage loans corresponding to the difference between the risk weight in the SFSA’s capital adequacy requirements (**Pillar 1**) and the risk weight floor in Pillar 2. The risk weights in Pillar 1 will not be changed which means that the risk weight floor will not affect the capitalisation level for the minimum requirements under Pillar 1.

Furthermore, on 6 June 2012 the European Commission proposed a new directive establishing a framework for the recovery and resolution of credit institutions and investment firms (COM (2012) 280/3). The proposed directive includes provisions to give regulators resolution powers to write down debt of a failing bank (or to convert such debt into equity) to strengthen its financial position and allow it to continue as a going concern subject to appropriate restructuring. According to the proposal the new framework shall be implemented by 2015 and the rules governing write down shall be applicable from 2018. It is currently unclear whether measures ultimately adopted in this area will apply to any debt currently in issue, or whether certain grandfathering rules will apply.

See *“Risk Factors – Factors that may affect the Issuer’s ability to fulfil its obligations under Notes issued under the Programme – Revisions to the capital adequacy standards could limit the use and amount of capital available for the Stadshypotek Group’s business”*.

The regulatory requirements demand that a credit institution’s capital base must cover credit, market and operational risks. The exposure to credit risk can, after approval by the SFSA, be calculated according to models that have been developed internally by the credit institution. The Board reaffirmed the Stadshypotek Group’s capital policy in 2012, which, as previously, included adopting Handelsbanken’s credit risk classification and calculation. Since the Issuer’s lending is performed via Handelsbanken’s branch network, Handelsbanken’s approach to risk classification and calculation of credit risk also applies to the Issuer. For its calculation of credit risk, Handelsbanken has chosen to use internal risk classification models which have been approved by the SFSA. Handelsbanken uses two different approaches: the foundation approach and the advanced approach. The Issuer uses the foundation approach for exposures where the counterparties are institutions and large corporates. The advanced approach is used for retail exposures (households and small

companies) and for certain corporate portfolios (medium-sized companies, property companies and housing co-operative associations).

For operational risks, the Issuer also follows Handelsbanken's approach and uses the standardised approach, which requires the capital requirement for operational risks to be based on income.

The Issuer has no market risks which are reported according to the capital adequacy regulations for market risks.

As at 31 December 2012, Stadshypotek's capital ratio according to Basel II was 56.9 per cent. (58.1 per cent. in 2011) and the Tier 1 ratio was 40.6 per cent. (40.5 per cent. in 2011). The capital ratio in accordance with the transitional rules was 9.3 per cent. as at 31 December 2012 (10.0 per cent. in 2011), while the Tier 1 ratio was 6.7 per cent. (7.0 per cent. in 2011).

Rating of the Notes

Stadshypotek expects the Notes to be assigned a Aaa rating by Moody's.

Auditors

At Stadshypotek's annual general meeting held on 19 March 2013, KPMG AB were appointed auditors of Stadshypotek until the annual general meeting in 2014.

TAXATION

Swedish Taxation

The following summary outlines certain Swedish tax consequences relating to holders of Notes that are not considered to be Swedish residents for Swedish tax purposes, if not otherwise stated. The summary is based on the laws of the Kingdom of Sweden in effect as at the date of this Offering Circular and is intended to provide general information only. The summary does not address situations where Notes are held in an investment savings account (Sw. investeringssparkonto) or the rules regarding reporting obligations for, among others, payers of interest. Investors should consult their professional tax advisors regarding the Swedish tax and other tax consequences (including the applicability and effect of tax treaties for the avoidance of double taxation) of acquiring, owning and disposing of Notes in their particular circumstances.

Holders not resident in the Kingdom of Sweden

Payments of any principal amount or any amount that is considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes to the holder of any Notes should not be subject to Swedish income tax, provided that such a holder is not resident in the Kingdom of Sweden for Swedish tax purposes and provided that such a holder does not have a permanent establishment in the Kingdom of Sweden to which the Notes are effectively connected.

Swedish withholding tax, or Swedish tax deduction, is not imposed on payments of any principal amount or any amount that is considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes to a holder not resident in the Kingdom of Sweden for Swedish tax purposes.

Holders resident in the Kingdom of Sweden

Generally, for Swedish corporations and private individuals (and estates of deceased individuals) with residence in the Kingdom of Sweden for Swedish tax purposes, all capital income (for example income that is considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes and capital gains on Notes) will be taxable. Specific tax consequences, however, may be applicable to certain categories of corporations, such as life insurance companies. Further, specific tax consequences may be applicable if, and to the extent that, a holder of Notes realises a capital loss on the Notes and to any currency exchange gains or losses.

If amounts that are considered to be interest for Swedish tax purposes are paid by a legal entity domiciled in the Kingdom of Sweden, including a Swedish branch, to a private individual (or an estate of a deceased individual) with residence in the Kingdom of Sweden for Swedish tax purposes, Swedish preliminary taxes are normally withheld by the legal entity on such payments. Swedish preliminary taxes should normally also be withheld on other returns on Notes (but not capital gains), if any, if the return is paid out together with such a payment of interest referred to above.

Withholding under the EU Savings Directive

Under EC Council Directive 2003/48/EC on the taxation of savings income, Member States are required to provide to the tax authorities of another Member State details of payments of interest (or similar income) paid by a person within its jurisdiction to an individual resident in that other Member State or certain limited types of entities established in that Member State. However, for a transitional period, Luxembourg and Austria are instead required (unless during that period they elect otherwise) to operate a withholding system in relation to such payments (the ending of such transitional period being dependent upon the conclusion of certain other agreements relating to information exchange with certain other countries). A number of non-EU countries and territories (including Switzerland) have adopted similar measures (a withholding system in the case of Switzerland). In April 2013, the Luxembourg government announced its intention to abolish the withholding system with effect from 1 January 2015, in favour of automatic information exchange under Directive 2003/48/EC.

The European Commission has proposed certain amendments to the Directive, which may, if implemented, amend or broaden the scope of the requirements described above.

FATCA DISCLOSURE

Foreign Account Tax Compliance Act

Sections 1471 through 1474 of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 (**FATCA**) impose a new reporting regime and potentially a 30% withholding tax with respect to certain payments to (i) any non-U.S. financial institution (a “foreign financial institution”, or **FFI** (as defined by FATCA)) that does not become a **Participating FFI** by entering into an agreement with the U.S. Internal Revenue Service (**IRS**) to provide the IRS with certain information in respect of its account holders and investors or is not otherwise exempt from or in deemed compliance with FATCA and (ii) any investor (unless otherwise exempt from FATCA) that does not provide information sufficient to determine whether the investor is a U.S. person or should otherwise be treated as holding a “United States Account” of the Issuer (a **Recalcitrant Holder**). The Issuer may be classified as an FFI.

The new withholding regime will be phased in beginning 1 July 2014 for payments from sources within the United States and will apply to **foreign passthru payments** (a term not yet defined) no earlier than 1 January 2017. This withholding would potentially apply to payments in respect of (i) any Notes characterised as debt (or which are not otherwise characterised as equity and have a fixed term) for U.S. federal tax purposes that are issued on or after the “**grandfathering date**“, which is the later of (a) 1 July 2014 and (b) the date that is six months after the date on which final U.S. Treasury regulations defining the term foreign passthru payment are filed with the Federal Register, or which are materially modified on or after the grandfathering date and (ii) any Notes characterised as equity or which do not have a fixed term for U.S. federal tax purposes, whenever issued. If Notes are issued before the grandfathering date, and additional Notes of the same series are issued on or after that date, the additional Notes may not be treated as grandfathered, which may have negative consequences for the existing Notes, including a negative impact on market price.

The United States and a number of other jurisdictions have announced their intention to negotiate intergovernmental agreements to facilitate the implementation of FATCA (each, an **IGA**). Pursuant to FATCA and the “Model 1” and “Model 2” IGAs released by the United States, an FFI in an IGA signatory country could be treated as a **Reporting FI** not subject to withholding under FATCA on any payments it receives. Further, an FFI in a Model 1 IGA jurisdiction would generally not be required to withhold under FATCA or an IGA (or any law implementing an IGA) (any such withholding being **FATCA Withholding**) from payments it makes. The Model 2 IGA leaves open the possibility that a Reporting FI might in the future be required to withhold as a Participating FFI on foreign passthru payments and payments it makes to Recalcitrant Holders. Under each Model IGA, a Reporting FI would still be required to report certain information in respect of its account holders and investors to its home government or to the IRS. The U.S. Department of the Treasury has announced that it is actively engaged in a dialogue towards concluding an IGA with Sweden.

If the Issuer becomes a Participating FFI, the Issuer and financial institutions through which payments on the Notes are made may be required to withhold FATCA Withholding if (i) any FFI through or to which payment on such Notes is made is not a Participating FFI, a Reporting FI, or otherwise exempt from or in deemed compliance with FATCA or (ii) an investor is a Recalcitrant Holder.

If an amount in respect of FATCA Withholding were to be deducted or withheld from interest, principal or other payments made in respect of the Notes, neither the Issuer nor any paying agent nor any other person would, pursuant to the conditions of the Notes, be required to pay additional amounts as a result of the deduction or withholding. As a result, investors may receive less interest or principal than expected.

FATCA is particularly complex and its application is uncertain at this time. The above description is based in part on regulations, official guidance and model IGAs, all of which are subject to change or may be implemented in a materially different form. Prospective investors should consult their tax advisers on how these rules may apply to the Issuer and to payments they may receive in connection with the Notes.

TO ENSURE COMPLIANCE WITH IRS CIRCULAR 230, EACH TAXPAYER IS HEREBY NOTIFIED THAT: (A) ANY TAX DISCUSSION HEREIN IS NOT INTENDED OR WRITTEN TO

BE USED, AND CANNOT BE USED BY THE TAXPAYER FOR THE PURPOSE OF AVOIDING U.S. FEDERAL INCOME TAX PENALTIES THAT MAY BE IMPOSED ON THE TAXPAYER; (B) ANY SUCH TAX DISCUSSION WAS WRITTEN TO SUPPORT THE PROMOTION OR MARKETING OF THE TRANSACTIONS OR MATTERS ADDRESSED HEREIN; AND (C) THE TAXPAYER SHOULD SEEK ADVICE BASED ON THE TAXPAYER'S PARTICULAR CIRCUMSTANCES FROM AN INDEPENDENT TAX ADVISER.

The proposed financial transactions tax (FTT)

The European Commission has published a proposal for a Directive for a common FTT in Belgium, Germany, Estonia, Greece, Spain, France, Italy, Austria, Portugal, Slovenia and Slovakia (the **participating Member States**).

The proposed FTT has very broad scope and could, if introduced in its current form, apply to certain dealings in Notes (including secondary market transactions) in certain circumstances. The issuance and subscription of Notes should, however, be exempt.

Under current proposals the FTT could apply in certain circumstances to persons both within and outside of the participating Member States. Generally, it would apply to certain dealings in Notes where at least one party is a financial institution, and at least one party is established in a participating Member State. A financial institution may be, or be deemed to be, "established" in a participating Member State in a broad range of circumstances, including (a) by transacting with a person established in a participating Member State or (b) where the financial instrument which is subject to the dealings is issued in a participating Member State.

The FTT proposal remains subject to negotiation between the participating Member States and is the subject of legal challenge. It may therefore be altered prior to any implementation, the timing of which remains unclear. Additional EU Member States may decide to participate. Prospective holders of Notes are advised to seek their own professional advice in relation to the FTT.

SUBSCRIPTION AND SALE

The Dealers have, in a programme agreement (such programme agreement as modified and/or supplemented and/or restated from time to time, the **Programme Agreement**) dated 6 December 2013, agreed with the Issuer a basis upon which they or any of them may from time to time agree to purchase Notes. Any such agreement will extend to those matters stated under “*Form of the Notes*” and “*Terms and Conditions of the Notes*”. In the Programme Agreement, the Issuer has agreed to reimburse the Dealers for certain of their expenses in connection with the establishment and any future update of the Programme and the issue of Notes under the Programme and to indemnify the Dealers against certain liabilities incurred by them in connection therewith.

United States

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Securities Act and may not be offered or sold within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons except in certain transactions exempt from the registration requirements of the Securities Act. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

The Notes are subject to U.S. tax law requirements and may not be offered, sold or delivered within the United States or its possessions or to a United States person, except in certain transactions permitted by U.S. Treasury regulations. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by the U.S. Internal Revenue Code of 1986 and Treasury regulations promulgated thereunder. The applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement will identify whether TEFRA C rules apply or whether TEFRA is not applicable.

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer, sell or deliver Notes (a) as part of their distribution at any time or (b) otherwise until 40 days after the completion of the distribution of such Notes, as determined and certified by the relevant Dealer or, in the case of an issue of Notes on a syndicated basis, the relevant lead manager, of all Notes of the Tranche of which such Notes are a part, within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Each Dealer has further agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree, that it will send to each dealer to which it sells any Notes during the distribution compliance period a confirmation or other notice setting forth the restrictions on offers and sales of the Notes within the United States or to, or for the account or benefit of, U.S. persons. Terms used in this paragraph have the meanings given to them by Regulation S under the Securities Act.

In addition, until 40 days after the commencement of the offering of any Series of Notes, an offer or sale of such Notes within the United States by any dealer (whether or not participating in the offering) may violate the registration requirements of the Securities Act if such offer or sale is made otherwise than in accordance with an available exemption from registration under the Securities Act.

Public Offer Selling Restriction under the Prospectus Directive

In relation to each Member State of the European Economic Area which has implemented the Prospectus Directive (each, a **Relevant Member State**), each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that with effect from and including the date on which the Prospectus Directive is implemented in that Relevant Member State (the **Relevant Implementation Date**) it has not made and will not make an offer of Notes which are the subject of the offering contemplated by this Offering Circular as completed by the final terms in relation thereto to the public in that Relevant Member State, except that it may, with effect from and including the Relevant Implementation Date, make an offer of such Notes to the public in that Relevant Member State:

- (a) at any time to any legal entity which is a qualified investor as defined in the Prospectus Directive;
- (b) at any time to fewer than 100, or, if the relevant Member State has implemented the relevant provision of the 2010 PD Amending Directive, 150, natural or legal persons (other than qualified investors, as

defined in the Prospectus Directive) subject to obtaining the prior consent of the relevant Dealer or Dealers nominated by the Issuer for any such offer; or

(c) at any time in any other circumstances falling within Article 3(2) of the Prospectus Directive,

provided that no such offer of Notes referred to in (a) to (c) above shall require the Issuer or any Dealer to publish a prospectus pursuant to Article 3 of the Prospectus Directive, or supplement a prospectus pursuant to Article 16 of the Prospectus Directive.

For the purposes of this provision, the expression an **offer of Notes to the public** in relation to any Notes in any Relevant Member State means the communication in any form and by any means of sufficient information on the terms of the offer and the Notes to be offered so as to enable an investor to decide to purchase or subscribe the Notes, as the same may be varied in that Member State by any measure implementing the Prospectus Directive in that Member State, the expression **Prospectus Directive** means Directive 2003/71/EC (and amendments thereto, including the 2010 PD Amending Directive, to the extent implemented in the Relevant Member State), and includes any relevant implementing measure in the Relevant Member State and the expression **2010 PD Amending Directive** means Directive 2010/73/EU.

United Kingdom

Each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that:

- (a) it has only communicated or caused to be communicated and will only communicate or cause to be communicated an invitation or inducement to engage in investment activity (within the meaning of Section 21 of the FSMA) received by it in connection with the issue or sale of any Notes in circumstances in which Section 21(1) of the FSMA does not apply to the Issuer; and
- (b) it has complied and will comply with all applicable provisions of the FSMA with respect to anything done by it in relation to any Notes in, from or otherwise involving the United Kingdom.

Sweden

Each Dealer has confirmed and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not, directly or indirectly, offer for subscription or purchase or issue invitations to subscribe for or buy or sell any Notes or distribute any draft or definite document in relation to any such offer, invitation or sale in Sweden except in circumstances that will not result in a requirement to prepare a prospectus pursuant to the provisions of the Swedish Financial Instruments Trading Act (*Sw. lag (1991:980) om handel med finansiella instrument*).

Japan

The Notes have not been and will not be registered under the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan (Act No. 25 of 1948, as amended, the **FIEA**) and each Dealer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it will not offer or sell any Notes, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, any resident of Japan (as defined under Item 5, Paragraph 1, Article 6 of the Foreign Exchange and Foreign Trade Act (Act No. 228 of 1949, as amended)), or to others for re-offering or resale, directly or indirectly, in Japan or to, or for the benefit of, a resident of Japan, except pursuant to an exemption from the registration requirements of, and otherwise in compliance with, the FIEA and any other applicable laws, regulations and ministerial guidelines of Japan.

France

This Offering Circular has not been prepared in the context of a public offering of financial securities (*offre au public de titres financiers*) in France within the meaning of Article L.411-1 of the French *Code monétaire et financier* and Articles 211-1 et seq. of the General Regulation of the *Autorité des marchés financiers*, and has therefore not been, and will not be, submitted for the approval of the *Autorité des marchés financiers*.

Each of the Dealers and the Issuer has represented and agreed, and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to represent and agree, that it has not offered or sold and will not offer or sell, directly or indirectly, Notes to the public in France, and has not distributed or caused to be distributed and will not distribute or cause to be distributed to the public in France, this Offering Circular, the relevant Final Terms or any other offering material relating to the Notes, and that such offers, sales and distributions have been and will be made in France only to (a) providers of investment services relating to portfolio management for the account of third parties (*personne fournissant le service d'investissement de gestion de portefeuille pour compte de tiers*), and/or (b) qualified investors (*investisseurs qualifiés*) acting for their own account other than individuals, all as defined in, and in accordance with, Articles L.411-1, L.411-2, D.411-1, D.744-1, D.754-1 and D.764-1 of the French *Code monétaire et financier*.

Pursuant to Article 211-3 of the General Regulation of the *Autorité des marchés financiers*, investors in France are informed that the Notes may only be issued, directly or indirectly, to the public in France in accordance with Articles L.411-1, L.411-2, L.412-1 and L.621-8 to L.621-8-3 of the French *Code monétaire et financier*.

General

Each Dealer has agreed and each further Dealer appointed under the Programme will be required to agree that it will (to the best of its knowledge and belief) comply with all applicable laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction in which it purchases, offers, sells or delivers Notes or possesses or distributes this Offering Circular and will obtain any consent, approval or permission required by it for the purchase, offer, sale or delivery by it of Notes under the laws and regulations in force in any jurisdiction to which it is subject or in which it makes such purchases, offers, sales or deliveries and neither the Issuer, the Trustee nor any of the other Dealers shall have any responsibility therefor.

None of the Issuer, the Trustee and the Dealers represents that Notes may at any time lawfully be sold in compliance with any applicable registration or other requirements in any jurisdiction, or pursuant to any exemption available thereunder, or assumes any responsibility for facilitating such sale.

GENERAL INFORMATION

Authorisation

The update of the Programme and the issue of Notes have been duly authorised by a resolution of the Board of Directors of the Issuer dated 22 April 2013.

Listing of Notes

This Offering Circular has been approved by the Central Bank as a base prospectus. Application has been made to the Irish Stock Exchange for the Notes issued under the Programme (other than Exempt Notes) within the period of 12 months from the date of this Offering Circular to be admitted to the Official List and trading on the Main Securities Market. The Main Securities Market is a regulated market for the purposes of MiFID.

However, Notes may be issued pursuant to the Programme which will not be admitted to listing on the Official List and admitted to trading and/or quotation by the regulated market of the Irish Stock Exchange or any other listing authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system or which will be admitted to listing, trading and/or quotation by such listing authority, stock exchange and/or quotation system as the Issuer and the relevant Dealer(s) may agree.

Documents Available

For the period of 12 months following the date of this Offering Circular, physical copies of the following documents will, when published, be available for inspection from the registered office of the Issuer and from the specified offices of the Paying Agents for the time being in London and Luxembourg:

- (a) the constitutional documents (with an English translation thereof) of the Issuer;
- (b) the consolidated audited financial statements of the Issuer in respect of the financial years ended 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012 (with an English translation thereof), in each case together with the audit reports prepared in connection therewith. The Issuer currently prepares audited consolidated accounts on an annual basis;
- (c) the most recently published audited annual financial statements of the Issuer and the most recently published unaudited interim financial statements (if any) of the Issuer (in each case with an English translation thereof), in each case together with any audit or review reports prepared in connection therewith. The Issuer currently prepares unaudited consolidated interim accounts on a half yearly basis;
- (d) the Programme Agreement, the Trust Deed, the Agency Agreement and the form of the Global Note, the Notes in definitive form, the Coupons and the Talons;
- (e) a copy of this Offering Circular; and
- (f) any future offering circulars, prospectuses, information memoranda, supplements to this Offering Circular, Final Terms and Pricing Supplements (in the cases of Exempt Notes) (save that a Pricing Supplement will only be available for inspection by a holder of such Note and such holder must produce evidence satisfactory to the Issuer and the Paying Agent as to its holding of Notes and identity) and any other documents incorporated herein or therein by reference.

In addition, copies of this Offering Circular, any supplement to this Offering Circular and each Final Terms relating to Notes which are listed on the Irish Stock Exchange will be available on the website of the Central Bank (www.centralbank.ie).

The English translations of the audit reports and financial statements referred to in (b) and (c) above are direct and accurate translations of the original documents.

Clearing Systems

The Notes have been accepted for clearance through Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg (which are the entities in charge of keeping the records). The appropriate Common Code and ISIN for each Tranche of Notes allocated by Euroclear and Clearstream, Luxembourg will be specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement. If the Notes are to clear through an additional or alternative clearing system the appropriate information will be specified in the applicable Final Terms or, in the case of Exempt Notes, the applicable Pricing Supplement.

The address of Euroclear is Euroclear Bank SA/NV, 1 Boulevard du Roi Albert II, B-1210 Brussels and the address of Clearstream, Luxembourg is Clearstream Banking, 42 Avenue JF Kennedy, L-1855 Luxembourg.

Conditions for determining price

The price and amount of Notes to be issued under the Programme will be determined by the Issuer and the relevant Dealer at the time of issue in accordance with prevailing market conditions.

Significant or Material Change

There has been no significant change in the financial or trading position of the Issuer or the Issuer's group (being Handelsbanken and its consolidated subsidiaries) since 30 June 2013 and there has been no material adverse change in the financial position or prospects of the Issuer or the Issuer's group since 31 December 2012.

Litigation

There are no governmental, legal or arbitration proceedings (including any such proceedings which are pending or threatened of which the Issuer is aware) which during the 12 months preceding the date of this Offering Circular may have, or have had in the recent past, a significant effect on the financial position or profitability of the Issuer or the Issuer's group.

Auditors

The auditors of the Issuer named in the following paragraph have audited the Issuer's accounts, without qualification, in accordance with IFRS for each of the two financial years ended on 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012.

The auditor of the Issuer for the fiscal years ended 31 December 2011 and 31 December 2012 was KPMG AB, with Stefan Holmström as auditor in charge. The auditor is an Authorised Public Accountant and are members of FAR, the Swedish Institute of Authorised Public Accountants and does not have a material interest in the Issuer.

Trust Deed

The Trust Deed provides that the Trustee may rely on certificates or reports from the Auditors (as defined in the Trust Deed) and/or any other expert in accordance with the provisions of the Trust Deed whether or not any such certificate or report or any engagement letter or other document entered into by the Trustee and the Auditors or such other expert in connection therewith contains any limit on the liability (monetary or otherwise) of the Auditors or such other expert.

Post-issuance information

The Issuer does not intend to provide any post-issuance information in relation to any issue of Notes.

Dealers transacting with the Issuer

Certain of the Dealers and their affiliates have engaged, and may in the future engage, in investment banking and/or commercial banking transactions with, and may perform services to the Issuer and its affiliates in the ordinary course of business.

Irish Listing Agent

Arthur Cox Listing Services Limited is acting solely in its capacity as listing agent for the Issuer in connection with the Programme and is not itself seeking admission of the Notes issued under the Programme to the Official List or trading on the Main Securities Market for the purposes of the Prospectus Directive.

Language of this Offering Circular

The language of this Offering Circular is English. Certain legislative references and technical terms have been cited in their original language in order that the correct technical meaning may be ascribed to them under applicable law.

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